THE CHEISEA HERALD.

L. ALLISON. Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

VOLUME 23.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, APR. 19, 1894.

NUMBER 34.

NEW

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NEW

CURTAINS!

Greatest Bargains Ever Offered in Washtenaw County.

Twenty pieces new Ingrain Carpet will be placed on sale Next Monday.

Prices from 48 to 55 cts.

Every piece guaranteed strictly all wool, made by the best manufacturers in America. All new patterns and made for this years trade.

You can't touch their equal anywhere for less than 70 cents.

Lace Curtains, Chenele Curtains, Chenele Covers, Rugs, etc. at about one-half their actual value.

Come and See.

W. P. SCHENK & CO.

HOUSECLEANING.

Are you going to Paint this Spring? If so promise of an eternal career in the would be glad to have you call and see us.

We Are Headquarters,

And our prices are as low as first-class goods can be bought for. carry a full line of Paste and Liquid paints in all shades, also PLASTICO for wall finish, Brushes, Oils, and Varnishes.

Special Attention Given to Framing Pictures, and Largest Assortment of Moldings to Select From.

AL

1894.

n Cen-

A. M

New Shoes, for Spring trade, arriving every day; new styles and best of goods.

All of which will be sold at hard-time prices. When our spring Almighty God, death has for the first time week is complete we will be able to show you the finest line of Ladies' and Gent's fine shoes ever shown in Chelsea. Do not fail to see them before buying.

GROCERIES.

Groceries always at the very bottom prices.

We want your butter and eggs at the highest market prices.

When wanting good goods for little money local papers; call on us.

W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER & CO.

In Memoriam.

On Sunday morning, April 8, 1894, the pure spirit of Miss Mary Conaty winged

its flight to heaven. Miss Conaty had been ill for some time, so that her death was not unexpected, nevertheless it has brought deep sorrow to her surviving relatives and many friends. She bore her illness with great patience, and after a complete and holy preparation for the dread summons, she sweetly resigned herself to the Divine Will. She had just passed her twentieth birthday. and had a future full of promise before her. Miss Conaty was graduated from our High School last June with high honors, and had a character full of gentleness and sweetness. She was gifted with intelli gence of a high order, had the rare faculty of making and retaining friends, and was in every way an honor and an ornament to her sex. The remains were tenderly conveyed to St. Mary's church, of which she was a devout member, on Wednesday morning, April 11, 1894, when the beautiful and impressive services of the church she loved so well, were performed over her precious body. The spacious church was crowded with the sorrowing relatives and many friends. It was one of the most beautiful funerals ever seen in Chelsea. The remains reposed in a lovely casket of white, typical of her purity of soul. The tasteful decorations of the altars, the soft light of many wax candles, the selemn stillness of the sacred edifice, all combined to make an impressive scene. The floral decorations, evidence of the devoted regard of triends, were many and beautiful. The young gentlemen presented an exquisite piece, "Gates Ajar." The most strikingly original of all the floral offerings was the "Broken Wheel," given by the young ladies of St. Mary's Sodality, who had often honored her with various offices in the society. The services were conducted by her pastor, Rev. Father Considine, who spoke touchingly of her admirable christian life. The pathetic music of the church was fittingly rendered by the choir, who sang with rare feeling and exquisite expression, "Rest Spirit, Rest," at the offertory. As the remains were borne out of the church, Cardinal Newman's beautiful hymn, "Lead Kindly Light," was sung, The interment was beside her dear mother in Mt. Olivet cemetery. Thus closed the earthly career

Tis difficult to feel that she is dead.
Her presence, like the shadow of a wing
That is just lessening in the upper sky.
Lingers upon us. We can hear her voice,
And for her step we listen, and the eye
Looks for her wonted coming with a strange,
Forgetful earnestness. We cannot feel
That she will no more come—that from her

of a pure and lovely girl, giving rich

kingdom of heaven. The sympathy of the

entire community goes out to the afflicted

relatives. The graceful lines of one of

America's poets instinctively come to

mind at a death like this. They deserve

to be quoted here.

That she will no more come—that from her cheek
The delicate flush has faded, and the light
Dead in her soft dark eye, and on her lip,
That was so exquisitely pure, the dew
Of the damp grave has fallen. Who so loved
Is left among the living? Who has walk'd
The world with such a winning loveliness,
And on its bright brief journey gather'd up
Such treasures of affection? She was loved
Only as idols are. She was the pride
Of her familiar sphere—the daily joy
Of all who on her gracefulness might gase,
And in the light and music of her way,
Have a companion's portion. Who could feel
While looking upon beauty such as hers,
That it would ever perish? It is like
The melting of a star into the sky
While you are gazing on it, or a dream
In its most ravishing sweetness rudely broken,
A FRIEND.

Resolutions.

At a regular meeting of St. Mary's Sodality held last Sunday at 4 p. m., the following resolutions were drafted by a committee chosen for that purpose and adopted by the society:

WHEREAS, In the Providence of entered our Sodality and taken from us our loving friend, Miss Matie Conaty, a member of the Sodality of the Blessed Virgin, therefore be it

Resolved, That while we bow in submission to the will of God; we, the members of the Sodality, extend to the sorrowing relatives our sincere sympathy in their

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved family and to the

Resolved, That she shall be ever remembered in our prayers.

MARY MILLER JENNIE GORMAN | COM. EDITH A. FOSTER

F. P. GLAZIER.

S. C. STIMSON.

PAPER

YOUR

YOUR

HOUSE

WITH OUR

WITH THOSE

Because it wears longer and gives you better satisfaction than any other mixed paint on the market. Put up in the most desirable colors. We handle the purest brands of white lead and oils and will save you money in these goods,

and

Of stylish paper-hangings now being shown at the Bank

Drug Store. We not only save you money but we also give you the opportunity of choosing from the largest and most complete stock of paper in this vicinity.

The Choicest Teas and Coffees

Can only be found where they take especial pains to have the best that the market affords. That is our constant aim in this department and we are always pleased to show you goods that you can't match for the money in this vicinity.

Read Our Price-list

And Save Money.

. P. Glazier & Co.

COUPON. This COUPON when presented at our store entitles the holder to a 10 per cent discount on any one cash purchase he or she may make in our boot and shoe department. R.A.SNYDER

CUT THIS OUT

We Sell -

Hardware, Stoves, Implements. Tools, Etc.

We sell Cheap. We buy for cash.

Are you building or repairing? It will pay you to call on us. Does your wife want a pail, or a pan, or a pot? Does she need a new stove to make things hot? Let her call on us, we can please to a dot.

For We Lead The Dance.

Call and see our New Gasoline Stoves.

We carry a full line of Peninsular Paints, also Oils, White Lead and

Remember we are agents for the Celebrated Superior Grain Drill. Call and see them.

C. E. WHITAKER.

CROSS, Farme

PRACTICAL,

Painter, Grainer and Hard Oil Finisher,

Give me a call.

Do you wish to exchange farm or personal property, or stocks of goods, livery stocks, hotels, mills, etc., call on or CHELSEA, - - - MICHIGAN. write S. C. STALLKNECHT, Room 20, Carter Building, Jackson, Mich.

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches. CONGRESSIONAL.

Regular Session. IN the senate on the 9th Senator Hill (N. Y.) spoke in opposition to the tariff bill and attacked the Hawaiian policy of the president and Secretary Gresham. Mr. Walsh was sworn in as senatur from Georgia. A resolution repealing all laws which authorize the secretary of the treasury to issue bonds was referred to the finance committee In the house the time was occupied in discussing District of Columbia affairs.

THE resolution for the coinage of Mexican dollars at the United States mints was agreed to in the senate on the 10th. A resolution to limit the general debate on the tariff bill to June 4 and to take the final vote on June 5 was referred to the judiciary committee. A resolution for the coinage of Mexican dollars at the United States mints was agreed to ... In the house the time was occupied in discussing the post office appropriation bill.

On the 11th the tariff bill was discussed in the senate, but only a few senators were present In the house a bill designed to establish a banking system which would supplant the present one as bonds mature was introduced. Lack of a quorum prevented the transaction of business.

In the senate a joint resolution was introduced on the 12th proposing a constitutional amendment relative to marriage and divorce. A bill was introduced providing that no one shall perform any labor or engage in any amusement on Sunday to the disturbance of others in any territory, district, vessel or place subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States. The tariff bill was further discussed. In the house a rule which the committee on rules brought in, imposing a fine of \$10 for every refusal of a member to vote, caused a long wrangle. A resolution was adopted revoking all leaves of absence, except on account of sickness.

In the senate on the 13th the urgent deficiency bill and the tariff measure were further discussed. A bill introduced by Senator Peffer requires the secretary of the treasury to issue \$250,000,000 of treasury notes, to be used to meet all the expenses of the government and to be lent to states, counties, towns and individuals on proper security and without interest ... In the house no business was transacted owing to lack of a quorum. In caucus the democrats, by a vote of 80 to 44, instructed the com-

mittee on rules to report a new rule to ascertain and record the presence of a quorum, whether voting or not.

DOMESTIC.

J. W. Wood, state treasurer of the A O. U. W. lodge with headquarters at of a jewelry factory in Newark, N. J., Marshall, Mich., was said to be a de- was accused of robbing his firm of faulter to the grand lodge to the \$25,000 in gold. amount of \$5,612.7%

Humboldt school in Chicago in which Daniel Gunstein was trampled to death and nearly a score of other pupils injured.

MALE ticket sellers at all the suburban stations of the Illinois Central road were replaced by young women.

BANDITS who held up a Rock Island train near Pond Creek, O. T., met with determined resistance from the guards, who killed one and wounded another.

A FEMALE keeper of a toll gate near Brownsville, Pa., refused to permit passage of Coxey's army until \$1.89 had been paid.

In a runaway at Shelbyville, Ind., Mrs. Charles Tanner and daughter were thrown from their vehicle and received fatal injuries.

Two PERSONS were killed and eight injured by the crumbling of the brick support of a frame house in Williamsburg, N. Y.

AT a caucus of house democrats in Washington a resolution declaring for repeal of the state bank tax was

adopted. THE New Haven (Conn.) chamber of commerce celebrated its one hundredth anniversary.

A BILL giving women the right to vote in school elections was passed by

the Ohio senate by a vote of 20 to 6. FARMER URIAH SCANLAN was flogged by white caps near Bourbon, Ind., be-

cause he had ill treated his wife. An attempt to wreck the Lake Shore flyer at Huron, O., was discovered just in time to prevent a terrible catas-

THE discovery was made at Protivin, Ia., that the 15-year-old daughter of J Tuckish was buried alive.

THE region about Durango, Col., was in feverish excitement over unparalleled gold findings in the La Plata moun

THE Aspen national bank of Aspen,

Col., went into liquidation. THE Frothingham arcade, one of the finest business blocks in Scranton, Pa.,

was burned, the loss being \$100,000. EXTENSIVE preparations were being made in the rural districts of Utah for

a large Mormon immigration to Mexico. ALEXANDER WATSON was arrested at Omaha for having four wives. No. 1 lives at Grand Rapids, Mich.; No. 2 at Coldwater, Mich.; No. 3 was Miss

Marian Corey, of Hammond, Ind., and No. 4 was Miss Fannie Dixon, of Chi-

EDWARD CASH, aged 21, while attending the sick bed of his young wife at Gatesville, Tex., was called out by a mob and hanged. No cause was known. JUDGE WILEY declared the Indiana

its provision

OVER a foot of snow fell in western New York and western Pennsylvania. A GENERAL strike, to begin April 21, was ordered by the United Mine Workers of America in convention at Colum- | April 24, 1892. bus, O. The strike will involve over 200,000 men and will cover the whole | States in 1893 was valued at \$35,950,000, territory between eastern Pennsylvania | an increase of \$1,578,423 over the preand Colorado.

A NORTHERN PACIFIC sand train was wrecked near Chicago by collision with a horse and switchmen William Andrews and James Donohue were killed. WHILE pouring molten metal in a were horribly burned, four fatally, by the hydraulic apparatus giving way.

ONE man was killed and two fatally injured in a freight wreck near Hartford City, Ind.

GREAT damage was done by a storm along the Atlantic coast from Boston to Baltimore and many vessels were wrecked and more than a score of lives were lost

A MOB of Hungarians attacked the Frick works at Youngstown, Pa., and compelled the guards to surrender fifty employes.

MRS. Louis Larson and her 1-yearold baby were burned to death in a fire at their home in Wild Rice, N. D. THE sight of Ollie Roberts, of Sedalia,

Mo., aged 12, was ruined by the explosion of a cigarette loaded with powder by another boy.

W. G. LIVINGSTON'S stable and storage warehouse in Chicago was burned and twenty-two horses were suffocated.

THE incendiary who has been causing

so many fires in Springfield, O., turns out to be an unknown man who parades in woman's attire. POSTMASTER GENERAL BISSELL has issued an order providing that hereafter

only names of one word shall be accepted for newly established post Col. Breckingidge announces that he will run for congress regardless of

the result of his present trial. THE old guard house in the United States jail yard at Fort Smith, Ark., was destroyed by fire. The building was noted as having held many famous union and confederate prisoners during the late war.

Long distance telephonic communication between Washington and the Chicago post office has been established. A SNEAK thief stole \$3,500 from the

Wailace exchange bank at Beaver Falls, Pa., An explosion of natural gas at Mc-

Keesport, Pa., wrecked a house and Scotia. fatally hurt Mrs. William Malseed and her 12-year-old daughter.

JACK REDDING and David Harper, owners of the celebrated Dos Cabazos mine in Old Mexico, shot and killed been defeated by the British, and his each other in a quarrel at Deming N. M. | territory will probably soon be an-

DAVID G. ACKERMAN, superintendent nexed to Uganda.

THE plant of the American Glucose Escaping steam caused a panic in the company burned at Buffalo, N. Y., the loss being about \$1,000.000.

RICHARD B. GIRARD, a discarded lover, fatally shot Miss Laura B. Martin on a train at Charlottesville, Va., and then shot himself.

AT Chadron, Neb., a bandit stole \$2,500 from a bank and locked the president of the institution in the vault.

California commonwealers, 1,300 strong, seized a train of twenty Union Pacific coal cars at Uinta and were coming east.

FRANK CREWS, a farm hand near Col linsburg, Tex., killed his employer, Thomas Murrell, Mrs. Murrell and a son in a quarrel over wages.

THE total number of hogs packed in the west the past winter was 4,884,000, an increase of 250,000 compared with last year.

EDWARD WRIGHT and John Miller, aged respectively 15 and 18, of Mc-Millan, quarreled at Guthrie, O. T., and the Miller boy plunged a pocketknife

into Wright, killing him. WILLIAM BUCK, a manufacturer of La Porte, Ind., was killed by a train while crossing the Lake Shore tracks.

THERE were 218 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 13th, against 238 the week previous and 187 in the corresponding time in 1893

ALL classes of employes on the Great Northern railway between Larimore, N. D., and Spokane, Wash., were on a strike.

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 18th aggregated \$890,769,077, against \$948,662,181 the previous week. The decrease, compared with the corresponding week in 1893, was 26.1.

Dogs raided a flock of seventy-five sheep near Alliance, O., and killed sixty-five of them.

THE total production of coal in the United States for the year 1893 was 179,326,612 tons with a valuation of \$205, 256, 479.

WILLIAM LEWIS (colored) was hanged by a mob near Lamison, Ala., for murdering Robert Shields, a white planter. GEORGE ASHWORTH, who mortally wounded a woman near Indianola, Ia., killed himself to avoid arrest.

NEARLY 100,000,000 bushels of available wheat in the United States and Canada was reported by Bradstreet's Dr. James A. Hutchinson, Thomas G. Knight and Frank White were drowned while duck shooting near

Rockville Center, L. I. THE Massachusetts legislature defeated the bill prohibiting treating in places where liquor is sold.

SUDGE DUNDY ordered the Union Pafee and salary law unconstitutional be- cific receivers to restore the wages of cause Shelby county was excluded from | employes which were cut last Septem-

> CHARLES WISDOM (colored), aged 22 years, was hanged in the jail yard in St. Louis for the murder of Edward A. Brexler, a tobacconist, on the night of THE gold production in the United

STRIKING coke workers drove employes from their work at Uniontown, Pa. Gov. Pattison was asked for troops.

THIRTEEN persons were said to have lost their lives in the fire at Buffalo, steel mill at Middleport, O., ten men N. Y., that destroyed the glucose works.

> PERSONAL AND POLITICAL OREGON republicans nominated Chief Justice W. P. Lord, of the state su-

preme court, for governor. THE people's party in Tennessee nominated A. L. Mimms, of Davidson county, for governor and A. E. Garrett, of Smith county, for judge of the supreme

Ex-Congressman Grange Ferris died at Glens Falls, N. Y., of apoplexy. From 1867 to 1871 he represented the Sixteenth district of New York in con-

THE republicans of the Sixth congressional district of Indiana renominated Henry U. Johnson, of Richmond, to

succeed himself in congress. THE republicans of the Second district of Oregon renominated W. R.

Ellis for congress. GEN. HENRY W. SLOCUM died at his home in Brooklyn, N. Y., of pneumonia, aged 67 years.

DAVID DUDLEY FIELD, famous as a lawyer and a writer on legal topics, died of pneumonia at the residence of his brother, Rev. Henry M. Field, in New York, aged 90 years.

JOHN T. DAVIS, the richest man in Missouri, died in St. Louis, aged 52. His wealth was estimated at \$25,000,-

FOREIGN.

THE Mexican government is willing to allow the coinage of Mexican dollars in the United States mints, provided Mexico be permitted to coin American dollars in Mexican mints.

A MOB burned the French missions at Hsianfu, China, and maltreated the priests. France has demanded redress. SAN Domingo has adopted a new

monetary system with gold as a basis. THE steamer Faraday left London with a portion of the new cable to be laid from Waterville, Ireland, to Nova

THE Dutch general elections resulted in an overwhelming defeat of the gov-

KABBA REGA, king of Unyor, has JOHN CLARK, of the well-known

thread manufacturing firm of Paisley, Scotland, died at the age of 67 years. DAVID WIENER & Sons, merchants at

Vienna, Austria, failed, with liabilities amounting to \$2,500,000. WILLIE WILDE, at one time the hus-

band of Mrs. Frank Leslie, was married in London to Miss Sophia Lees, an Irish girl of wealth. RESTORATION of the queen was still cherished by royalists at Hawaii, who

refused to take the oath of allegiance to the new government. CIVIL war has again broken out in Samoa and many natives have been

LATER.

butchered.

In a speech on the tariff bill in the United States senate on the 14th Senator Quay said it was framed in the interest of foreign pauper labor. Severai amendments to the rules intended to prevent filibustering were offered by Senator Hill. After a vain attempt to approve the journal the house adjourned. The new quorum counting

rule would be reported immediately. DURING the year ended March 1 the city of New York expended over \$15,-000,000 upon its needy population.

THE schooner Jennie Carter went ashore at Salisbury Beach, Mass., and the captain and his niece and six sailors were drowned.

JACK CREWS, the murderer of four persons at Gainesville, Tex., was lynched by a mob.

SEYMOUR NEWLAND (colored) was hanged by a mob at Rushsylvania, O., for assaulting Mrs. Jane Knowles, a respectable white woman 81 years of age. SENATOR MORRILL, of Vermont, celebrated his 84th birthday with a reception at his home in Washington.

MADELINE POLLARD was awarded \$15-000 in her damage suit in Washington against Congressman W. C. P. Breckin-

THE West End Land company at Nashville, Tenn., owning about 500 acres of suburban property, failed for

ADMIRAL DE MELLO surrendered his troops to the Uruguayan authorities and the rebellion in Brazil was at an

ZEBULON B. VANCE, aged 64 years, senator from North Carolina, was stricken with apoplexy in Washington and died within a few hours. He had been three times governor of his state and a member of the senate since 1879.

TWENTY-FOUR buildings in the heart of Santa Cruz, Cal., were destroyed by an incendiary blaze, the loss being THE jury in the case of ex-Secretary

of State Joachim, of Michigan, charged with falsifying public records, was unable to agree and was discharged. THE residence of August Krinkie

near Janesville, Minn., was burned and three of his daughters, aged respectflames.

MANY houses were washed away and much stock drowned by a cloudburst at Troy, Tex.

J. W. WATKINS, a well-to-do farmer. living near Hiawatha, Kan., fatally shot his wife and then committed suicide by taking poison. Domestic trouble was the cause.

The Shroud. The snow came softly, silently down Into the streets of the dark old town; And lo! by the wind it was swept and piled, On the sleeping form of a beggar child.

It kissed her cheek, and it filled her hair With crystals that looked like diamonds there; And she dreamed that she was a fair young

In a pure white dress by her husband's side.

A blush crept over her pale young face, And her thin lips smiled with a girlish grace; But the old storm king made his boast aloud That his work that night was weaving a shroud. -Tom Hall, from "When Hearts Are Trumps." Which Road.

If you could go back to the forks of the road, Back the long miles you have carried the load; Back to the place where you had to decide By this way or that through your life to abide; Back of the sorrow and back of the care. Back to the time when the future was fair,

O, siater or brother, which road would you Then suppose that again to the forks you went

If you were there now a decision to make,

After you'd trodden the other long track; After you found that its promises fair Were but a delusion, a dream and a snare; That the road you first traveled with sighs and

unrest Though dreary and rough was most graciously

With balm for each bruise and a charm for each ache. O, brother or sister, which road would you

-Nixon Waterman, in Chicago Journal.

The Prison Pansies.

pansy plants, especially young plants, are very small and will live and thrive on less light and heat than almost any other flower known 'renders them peculiarly adapted, as a small potted plant, to this beautiful flower mission which is destined to do the world a larger and more helpful service than even the sweetly tender spirit of its founder, Jennie Cassady, could have conceived.]

What potted plant is that which still preserves Its vivid green in this dim prison light: I scarce could see it, first, in that dark cell, But now I see it and it even blooms. It's like a miracle that it should flower, Why, even our night-blooming cereus needs The light of day to live and bud although It flow'rs by night

And here, in this foul cell, These pansies bloom and smile as graciously And sweet as pity's tender sympathy. Ah, sweet hearts and sweet heartsease, bloom

And comfort every heart with love's own touch, For every inmate of these noisome cells, Be heartsease true, and tender, gentle thought Of childhood days and home and mother's love, And lead them back and upward out of sin And misery. Be bright evangel of This prison world and all the world, the light Of Christ's good will to all the breathing earth.

-Albert C. Hopkins. The Way with 'Em. When the editor strikes a streak of gold, Does he work it for all it is worth, And put up a sign:

"I am running this mine!" And get a good share of the earth? Not much! When the dollars have weighted

his till, And he faces prosperity's gales; When he hears the cash talk, And he's king of the walk, He enlarges the paper and-falls!

-Frank L. Stanton, in Atlanta Constitution THERE is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was sup posed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills, 25 cents. "APPEARANCES are very deceptive," remarked the tenor. "Yes," replied the prima donna; "especially farewell appearances."

Address, F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

False Guides

Are they who recommend the use of mercury to the bilious, and gullible indeed are those who follow such advice. Blue pill and calomel poison the system. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a safe substitute for such dangerous drugs. They arouse the liver when inactive most effectually, and promote, not imperil, general health. Constipation, malaria, dyspepsia, rheumatism yield to the Bitters.

The dollar you throw away when you are young will be worth three dollars when you are old and need it most.

McVicker's, Chicago.

Saturday, April 28, ends a 3 weeks' engagement of "Darkest Russia." April 30 "America," the great world's fair spectacle, begins. Seats by mail.

Mrs. S-"Well, here we are in another boarding-house. We are regular Arabs."
Mr. S-"Yes; folding Bed-ouins!"-Life.

THE Public Awards the Palm to Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar for coughs. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

"Your face is burning." "Yes, that beast Gauly has just been making light of me.". Boston Gazette.

"Brown's Bronchial Troches" are widely known as an admirable remedy for Hoarseness, Coughs and Throat troubles.

At Death's Door

Poisoned After Ty-Blood phoid Fever

A Marvelous Cure by Hood's After All Else Falled.



and later it turned into typhoid fever, and for five weeks I lay like one dead, but at last I pulled through and got up around. I soon discovered on my left leg just above the knee a small brown spot about as big as a three cent piece. I did not pay any attention to it until two years after, when it commenced to spread and have the appearance of a ring worm. It [The fact, says the Weman's Standard, that | itched and burned and I commenced doctoring,

but to no avail Last February I tried an herb for the blood and it broke out in the worst form of a rash all over my body. Finally my hus. band bought a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and I had not taken more than half of it before I began to feel better. I have had four bottles,

Now I Am All Well.

I can now sleep and eat well and work all the time." MRS. PHEBE L. HALL, Galva, Kansas.

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25c.

Fresh Air and Exercise,

Getallthat's possible of both, if in need of flesh strength and nerve



force. There's need, too, of plenty of fat-food.

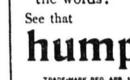
of Cod Liver Oil builds up flesh and strength quicker than any other preparation known to science.

Scott's Emulsion is constantly effecting Cure of Consumption, Bronchitis and kindred diseases where other methods FAIL.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

Positively you

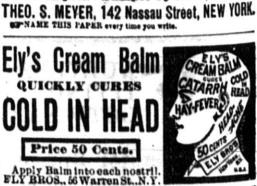
have the genuine De Long PATENT HOOK AND Eye if you see on the face and back of every card the words:



Richardson & De Long Bros.,



AT LEAST daily ? If so, send for particulars of An article which will make any pen a fountain pen. Sample by mail, 5 cents.



HOW TO BUY .

Young Wives

WHO ARE FOR THE FIRST TIME TO UNDERGO WOMAN'S SEVEREST TRIAL, WE OFFER

-"Mothers' Friend" A remedy which, if used as directed a few weeks before confinement, robs it of its Pain, Horror and Risk to Life of both

mother and child, as thousands who have used it testify. "I used two bottles of 'MOTHERS' FRIEND' with MARVELOUS RESULTS, and wish every woman who has to pass through the ordeal of child-birth to know if they use 'MOTHERS' FRIEND' for a few weeks it will rob confinement of pain and suffering and insure safety to life of mother and child.—MRS. SAM HAMILTON, Eureka Springs, Ark.

Book to Mothers mailed free containing voluntary testimonials. Sent by express, charges prepaid on receipt of price. \$1.50 per bottle.

Sold by all Druggists. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA Came
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Was l There s

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AND YOU'LL REMEMBER ME."

One evening as the sun went down and silent shadows, soft and brown, Crept over vales and rills, I watched the dusky bats a-wing Dip down the dusky lea; Harkening, heard a maiden sing: "And you'll remember me."

"When other lips and other hearts," Came drifting through the trees; in language whose excess imparts," Was borne upon the breeze. Ah! love is sweet and hope is strong, And life's a summer sea. A woman's soul is in her song: "And you'll remember me."

still rippling from the throbbing throat With joy akin to pain, There seemed a tear in every hote. A sob in every strain; Soft as the twilight shadows creep Across the listless lea, The singer sang her love to sleep With: "You'll remember me. -Cy Warman, in N. Y. Sun.

TWO OF A KIND.

How Bremner and Sommers Assisted Each Other.

to help me out." "Financial?" asked Sommers, with a

slight contracting of the eyebrows. "0h! no, worse than that, a good

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"I didn't know that anything could be worse in these panicky times. What

"I have a friend," said Bremner. "or a man who thinks himself my friend, and whom, for certain reasons, I wish to shake off, but he refuses to be shaken. Now, you are a resourceful man, and may be able to give me a hint I have tried everything with Snaggs-everything short of positive insult-and all to no purpose."

"What is the matter with him?" asked

"The matter is this. He has a boy seven years old, or thereabouts, and he always persists in talking of the lad; in fact, he can't talk about anything else, and imagines everyone as nothing at all against the boy; he is a good enough commonplace little fellow, like all the rest of them. I never see any difference in boys myself, they all awfully quick at reasoning, that boy." seem equally objectionable. But Snaggs comes to our house, sits down, and talks about his boy, what he does and thing for my relief.'

"I suggest," said Sommers, "that you on trees. take Snaggs to the state of Michigan, U.S. A., and kill him."

"Why to Michigan?" queried Brem-

"Oh, simply because they don't hang for murder there, and any penalty short of hanging should be cheerfully borne to get rid of a man like Snaggs. "I didn't know you were acquainted

with him," said Bremner excitedly. "I'm not, but I am afflicted in the same way myself."

"Nonsense!" cried Bremner, "I never even heard you mention your chil-

"I mean that I am afflicted with a friend like Snaggs. It's a daughter in his case. His name is Gregsby. I am even worse off than you are, for his only daughter is but five years old. You are two years ahead of me. By and by the boy will reach years of discretion, and he will get there quicker than Gregs-

"I don't know about that," Bremner answered gloomily; "girls grow up so much faster than boys do."

"But they never reach years of discretion, you know."

"I don't believe any son of Snaggs will, either. The boy's father hasn't, at any rate. But, I say, Sommers, an idea strikes me. Why not introduce Snaggs and Gregsby to each other?"

"That wouldn't be a bad plan," replied Sommers, cheerfully, "and then we might bet on them. I'll back my man to be the greater bore."

"There wouldn't be any use in betting," said Bremner, "for if your man is as bad as mine, it could only end in

"Bring your man around and we'll test the case.'

"Shall I bring Snaggs to your house to-morrow night, then?" asked Brem-

"Yes, and if you're in for a bet, I'm your victim. I have great faith in Gregsby, and would like to have a lit-

tle stake on him." "It's a serious subject with me," re-

plied Bremner. "Oh, very well then, I'll expect you to-morrow night about eight o'clock, though I suspect your man is not half

so capable a bore as mine." It was a few minutes before 8 o'clock when Gregsby pressed the electric button at the Sommers' residence. Sommers heard him talking to Mrs. Sommers in the hall, saying: "Oh, yes, thank you, she is quite well. I'll tell you something funny that she said today to her mother." Sommers groaned, and helped himself to a quantity of the stimulant provided for his guests. The next moment Gregsby appeared, smiling, and So mmers greeted him with well-feigned cordiality. Very soon the bell rang again, and a few minutes after Bremner was introducing ggs to the two sitting in the smokmind the weather myself, but when a since the reading of her will."—Truth. man has children he is compelled to think of it." "Have you children?"

he doesn't mind the weather in the

"I shouldn't say children," replied Gregsby. "I have one little girl, and she is only five years old, but wonderfully knowing for her age, and this weather is so bad that she misses her walk with her mamma. We never

trust her out with a nurse, you know." "I was saying," broke in Snaggs, "that I have a little boy myself; he is seven, and he goes out in all sorts of weather. I don't believe in coddling children. And that reminds me of a clever thing he said to me this morning. He always comes a little piece of the way with me when I start for the office; he-"

"Ah, yes," interrupted Gregsby; "but girls are delicate little creatures, and have to be taken care of."

"Quite so," agreed Snaggs. "I admit that there are disadvantages about girls that boys are quite free from." "Disadvantages!" cried Gregsby.

"You don't mean to say that a great clumsy boy is to be compared with a neat little girl. I would rather have a girl any day, big or little, than a boy." "Oh, everyone to his taste," said "Iam in trouble," said Bremner to Snaggs, loftily. "By the way, Bremhis friend Sommers, "and I want you ner, did I tell you what my boy said, the other day, when I took him to have his hair cut?"

"No," said Bremner, enthusiastically. "Tell it to us, Snaggs."

"Girls," put in Gregsby, "don't have to have their hair cut. My little girl has the most beautiful head of golden hair you ever saw. You've seen it, Sommers; everyone turns to look at her when she walks out with her mother."

"Humph," said Snaggs, with iil-concealed contempt. "I was saying that I took my boy to have his hair cut, and it was the first time that he had ever been in a barber's shop. A man was being shaved and his face was all over lather. Without a word the boy drew his hand from mine and bolted for home, running so fast that I didn't overtake him until he was at the door. 'What did you do that for, you young rascal?' I said.

"'Oh, papa!' he answered, 'if my deeply interested as himself. I have face is going to break out all like that I don't want to have my hair cut.' Funny, wasn't it? He thought the lather was the result of the hair cutting. He's

> "Well, it seems to me that he didn't reason to a very correct conclusion.

"I must confess that I can't see much reason about that," said Snaggs, spitefully, "if you are giving it as an instance of reasoning, as against what my boy said of the man at the barber's.

"Reasoning?" hotly replied Gregsby. "I never said anything about reasontold me so herself. And then another time, she and her mother were conversing-"

"You'll have to excuse me," said Snaggs rising. "I remember now that I have an appointment at the club. I forgot it, Bremner, when I promised to come here with you."

"Oh, don't go yet," said Bremner; "tell us the story about what the boy said to the organ grinder."

"Ah, yes," replied Snaggs eagerly, apparently forgetting his appointment in the joy of narration "Mr. Sommers didn't hear that one, did he? Well, one day an organ grinder stopped in front of our house-

"I don't wish to interrupt," put in Gregsby, also rising, "but I promised Mrs. Gregsby that I would be home almost directly. I merely came over, Sommers, to tell you that I couldn't stay to-night."

"Oh, well," cried Sommers and Bremner, simultaneously rising and holding out their hands, "if you really must go, why you must, I suppose."

"I am very glad to have made your acquaintance, Mr. Gregsby," said Bremner, as he shook hands and wished him good night, and he added: "I wish you would come over some night and see me. My friend, Mr. Snaggs here, often pops in, and we will

all get better acquainted." "And you, Mr. Snaggs, drop in and see me," said Sommers; "you will be nearly always sure of meeting Gregsby here. Come in often and have a chat. I have a lot of boys myself, and I like

to hear about them.' "That man Gregsby is a blanked idiot," said Snaggs to Bremner a few days after; "and I give you notice that if he comes to your house, I won't."

And as Gregsby said almost the same thing to Sommers, let us hope that the acid of one neutralizes the alkali of the other. -Robert Barr, in Detroit Free Press.

The man who succeeds above his fellows is the one who, early in life, clearly discerns his object, and towards that object habitually directs his powers. Even genius itself is but fine observation strengthened by fixity of purpose. Every man who observes vigilantly and resolves steadfastly grows unconsciously into genius. -Bulwer.

ever since the death of his aunt." advocate the annexation of the Ha-Gregsby to the newcomers. "I don't Chumley—"Not quite that long; just with a view of obtaining the pension

asked Snaggs, with apparent interest "I've got a little boy myself, but agreed of a name.—Cowper.

DAVID COLEY FIELD.

The Famous Jurist Expires Somewhat Unexpectedly.

He Succumbs to an Attack of Pneumonis After a Brief Illness—A Sketch of His Career and Service in the Cause of Law Reform.

A JURIST GONE.

New York, April 16 .- David Dudley Field, the distinguished jurist, died Fri day at his home, 2 Granmercy place, of pneumonia. Mr. Field arrived from Italy only last Wednesday on the Columbia. He had gone abroad to take Christmas dinner with his only child lady Musgrave, and to attend the twenty first birthday celebration of her eldest son, Dudley Field Musgrave. His daughter is the widow of Sir Antheny Musgrave, who was governor of Queensland, Australia, when he died. She is living in East Grinstead in Sussex, about 20 miles from London. He then traveled about on the continent and took the steamer from Genoa for

He had been at his home at 2 Grammercy place since his return, and was thought to be in good health for a man of his age-89 years. He was taken with pneumonia Wednesday night. He



DAVID DUDLEY FIELD.

had expected to spend his summer among the Berkshire hills, where he was born. He was engaged in great ambition is to have my codes adopted all over the world. They are written and published. It is only a question of time when they will be ac-

Mr. Field's estate is valued at become of age.

When the news of Mr. Field's death became known Mayor Gilroy ordered the flags on the city hall displayed at half mast, and the flag over the Lawver's club in the Equitable building was also lowered. Judge Prior, sitting in part 1 of the court of common pleas, Judge Bookstaver, holding a special ing. It was poetical. She said she term of the court of common pleas, and thought that dresses grew on trees, and | Judge Giererich in part 3 of the court that ribbons were the blossoms. She of common pleas, adjourned court when they heard of Mr. Field's death.

Mr. Field was born at Haddam, Conn., and was educated at Williams college. He studied law, was admitted to practice when 23 years old and began his legal career in this city. He was chiefly known as a public man for his labors in the cause of law reform. Having been appointed in 1847 by the legislature of his state a commissioner on practice and pleading, he took an active part in the preparation of a new code of procedure. He was intrusted by the state in 1857, as president of a commission, with the task of preparing a politica, code, a penal code, and a civio code, containing the entire body of the law. Mr. Noyes undertook the penal code and Mr. Field the analysis of the political and civil. After many drafts and eight successive reports had been made 'the ninth and final report was submitted to the legislature in February, 1865. Mr. Field rewrote the civil code eighteen times. All these law reforms occupied most of his

time for eighteen years. Other states followed the example of New York. These codes have been adopted by nearly all the states and, in substance, by England and her colonies. An international code was next drawn up. Working with the Law society in England, he drafted a code which was after-

ward published Mr. Field made his first public speech in 1842 at Tammany hall. Two years later he began to rally the anti-slavery remnant of his party to oppose the annexation of Texas. None was more active on the side of freedom during the Missouri compromise and the Kansas-Nebraska difficulty. He attended many conventions and always spoke against that portion of his party which upheld the slave trade. Mr. Field was a delegate to the peace convention during the last months of the Buchauan administration. To his influence and that of Horace Greely, at the Chicago convention in 1869, the nomination of Lincoln was largely ascribed. After the war he objected to military rule in the south and argued many celebrated cases against the constitutionality of military commissions.

In 1873 he attended a meeting at Brussels, which resulted in the formation of an associatien of economists, legislators and lawyers from all parts of the world for the reform and codification of the laws of nations, the object being to substitute arbitration for war in the settlement of disputes. Of this association he was chosen president. In the latter part of 1873 Mr. Field made a tour around the world, being received everywhere with the highest honors permis-

sible to a civilian. in 1876 he voted for Mr. Hayes, but being convinced that Mr. Tilden was duly chosen by the people he acted as counsel on the democratic side before the electoral commission. That same year Mr. Field was sent to congress. Aft-

er that he gave little time to public affairs. Mr. Field was a member of one of the most noted families of this country. Justice Field of the United States supreme court and Cyrus Field, father of the ocean cable, were his

She Wants a Pension. london, April 16.-The Chronicle

says that ex-Queen Liliuokalani has become convinced of the hopelessness "Noscads has been very despondent of her case and is said to be willing to LYNCHED IN OHIO.

A Meb Fools the Militia and Hangs a

Colored Brute. CLEVELAND, O., April 17 .- Seymour Newlin, a pegro with a bad reputation, committed a criminal assault Saturday night upon an aged woman named Mrs. Knowles, living at Rushsylvania, Logan county, O. He was captured Sunday morning, but when the sheriff arrived from Bellefontaine to take charge of the prisoner a mob which had collected refused to give him up. The dition of farm animals is good. There

upon the militia, and a company left

Bellefontaine late in the afternoon for

the scene of trouble.

The crowd of infuriated citizens at Rushsylvania were apprised of the departure of the mintary, and long before their arrival were armed and massed around the calaboose to receive them, and when the company arrived at the building 100 voices warned them the citizens were determined that blood would flow before the prisoner would be surrendered. The sheriff, who remained on the ground, was informed that only the life of the negro would satisfy their vengeance. The mob swore that the entire state militia could not take him away. The sheriff parleved with the leaders, who declared that if the soldiers were ordered back to Bellefontaine they would try to protect the prisoner until morning and give him a hearing in Rushsylvania. They also told the sheriff that he must promise that no attempt should be made to get the man away until after

the preliminary examination. Sheriff Sullivan, who was in command of the soldiers, was informed that there were six dynamite cartridges under the calaboose and if any attempt was made to fire a gun or fix a bayonet the building and the prisoner would be blown into eternity. After parleying for a time the sheriff decided that he could do nothing and the troops were ordered to return to Bellefontaine on a promise from the citizens that they would care writing his autobiography. Only last for the prisoner and see that no harm Wednesday he remarked: "My one came to him. The troops left at/8 o'clock. The dynamite talk was supposed to be a bluff, but after the soldiers left six bombs were hauled from beneath the calaboose.

As soon as the soldiers were out of Now, my little girl was having a dress property is unimcumbered. Mr. Henry he was an old-time malefactor and had | he fled. what he says, until I am nearly driven fitted the other day, and she asked the M. Field, his brother, said that the been in the Ohio penitentiary three erazy. I hope you can suggest some- dressmaker where the dress orchard bulk of his estate will be held in trust times. The advice of their leaders was for the grandchildren until they be- disregarded by the great mass of the citizens, who shouted: "Hang him!" Then a rush was made for the place of confinement, which was a small wooden structure that was not able to resist the onslaught. The frightened yells of the negro could be heard above the noise of the lynchers. It was just 8:50 o'clock when a determined onslaught was made.

The building was overturned and the struggling negro quickly taken from it. A rope had been procured. A noose was put about the neck of the trembling wretch and he was dragged to a cottonwood tree about 100 yards distant. Very little was said and no opportuniwas given to the prisoner to make a confession or statement. A dozen willing hands grasped the rope and the negro was swung into the air. As his body rose above the mob the air was rent with the shouts of the men and women who had assembled to witness the lynching. As soon as the work was finished the mob dispersed and quiet was restored.

GAINESVILLE, Tex , April 17 .-- Jack Crews, murderer of four persons here, was taken toward Fort Worth Saturday for safe keeping. On the way he was taken from his guards and lynched.

BRAZIL REBELLION ENDED.

De Meilo and His Troops Surrender to

Uruguay and Are Disarmed. MONTEVIDEO, April 17.-Admiral de Mello and the 1,500 insurgent troops who disembarked on the frontier of Uruguay, after having been driven out of the state of Rio Grande do Sul by the troops of President Peixoto, have surrendered to the Uruguayan authorities, and the rebellion in Brazil may be said to have completely collapsed. The authorities of Uruguay have disarmed the Brazilian insurgents. The state of siege at Rio de Janeiro has been extended to June 13, but it is believed that in view of the surrender of Admiral de Mello and the insurgent forces the Brazilian government will shortly be able to raise the state of

THREE CHILDREN BURNED.

They Perish in a Fire Near Janesville,

Minn.-Dynamite in the House. JANESVILLE, Minn., April 17 .- At 6 a. m. Sunday the residence of Dr. Krinks, 3 miles west of here, was burned and his three children, Martha, Augusta and Edith, aged respectively 10, 8 and 6, perished in the fire. Their charred bones were found in the ruins of the house. The fire originated from a defective chimney. The father was away and the fire half consumed the building before it was discovered. In her efforts to rescue the children the mother was severely burned. A quantity of dynamite stored in the house exploded during the fire and was heard for miles around.

The Big Museum Almost Ready.

CHICAGO, April 17. -Installation the treasures in the Field Columbian museum is about completed and the Rapids. doors will be opened May 1. The J. Whitney Moore, an old-time De--Who hath not owned, with rapturewho hath not owned, with rapturepetition to that effect is being prepared museum is located in the Art building troit merchant, died at his home, aged museum is located in the Art building troit merchant, died at his home, aged

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Michigan Crop Report.

The Michigan monthly crop report for March says it was the warmest March in sixteen years. The wheat plant suffered some during the cold snap, but on the whole has wintered well and its condition is six points above that of one year ago. The condition of clover, meadows and pastures is 82 per cent for the state. The consheriff summoned a posse, but the mob is some uncertainty upon the condition would not yield. A call was then made of the fruit, but on the whole it appears not to have been materially injured. The total number of bushels of wheat marketed in March was 1,138,-557, and for eight months, August to March, 11,423,596, or about 10,000 less than for the same period last year.

Stole Over \$10,000.

Charles W. Newkirk, the defaulting bookkeeper of the Bay county savings bank, was brought back to Bay City from California by Chief of Police Murphy. It was said that Newkirk had made a confession in which he acknowledged having stolen over \$10,000 and that he carried on the work for over two years. He said the money was used in board of trade gambling, mainly in Chicago. The deals were carried on with a companion named Murray, who is now in Canada. He also implicated others.

The Commander's Staff.

Assistant Adjt. Gen. J. R. Bennett, of the Michigan G. A. R., has made the following staff appointments: Inspector-Judson S. Farrar, Mount Clem-

Judge Advo cate-S. S. Babcock, Detroit. Chief Mustering Officer-James A. Crozier, Menominee.

Chief of Staff- L. G. Rutherford, Hart. Senior Aid-de-Camp-William S. Green, De-

Aids-de-Camp-George E. Devlin, Jackson; Robert Finch, Grand Haven: C. P. Brown, Spring Lake

He Had Four Wives.

Detective Dietrich, of Detroit, went to Omaha, Neb., and arrested Alexander Watson, of Grand Rapids. Watson married a woman at Grand Rapids; then he took a second wife at Coldwater; Miss Marion Corey, of Hammond, Ind., was No. 3 and Miss Fannie Dixon, of Chicago, made his four of a kind. He left Grand Rapids for Detroit, where sight preparations were made to string he was soon in active negotiation for tween \$500,000 and \$1,000,000. The up the prisoner. It was asserted that No. 5, but No. 3 crossed his orbit and

Health in Michigan.

From various portions of the state the reports of fifty-one observers for the week ended April 7 show that diarrhea increared and inflammation of the kidneys decreased in area of prevalence. Scarlet fever was reported at forty-six places, measles at twenty-five. diphtheria at thirty-three, typhoid fever at fifteen places and smallpox at Ishpeming, Kalamazoo and Menomi-

Navigators and Policemen Quarrel.

Capt. Michael Shean, Capt. Barney Shean and Capt. Morgan, all wellknown navigators of Bay City, while in a saloon got into a row with a squad of patrolmen. The officers used their clubs freely, fracturing Michael Shean's skull, and doctors said his recovery was doubtful. Several eyewitnesses stated that the officers made an unprovoked assault.

Medical Society Elects Officers.

The Southwestern Michigan Homeopathic Medical society at their annual meeting in Kalamazoo elected the following officers:

President, Dr. Frank H. Tyler, Kalamazoo; vice president, Dr. F. W. French, Otsego: secretary and treasurer. Dr. Nancy B. Sherman, Kalamazoo; delegate to state society, Dr. W.

Whisky Seller Kills a Man.

Louis Barager, who keeps a store and a blind tiger saloon at Fountain, shot Ed Laughlin dead. Barager was fined for selling liquor without a license. It was supposed the quarrel arose over information leading to Barager's conviction.

Sunk by the Ice.

The big freight carrier Minneapolis, owned by A. A. Parker, of Detroit, was sunk by the ice in the straits off Mc-Gulpin's point. All on board were saved, but the vessel and cargo were in 20 fathoms of water and would be a total loss.

Short But Newsy Items.

Fire swept the eastern portion of the village of Shaftsburg off the earth, the loss being \$10,000.

Cohen Brothers, who were employed at the Grand Central hotel in Cheboygan, were in jail charged with robbing the place of \$100 cash, cigars and whisky.

All the life saving crews on the lakes have gone on duty. The next state encampment of the

G. A. R. will be held at Mount Clemens in March next.

At Charlotte an attempt was made to blow up an old building, occupied as a saloon, by dynamite.

Delegates from the Michigan colored masonic grand lodge have selected a site near Monroe for a masonic home.

John V. Farwell, of Chicago, has invested \$100,000 in Lansing business property, having purchased of Henry L. Hollister the Hollister block.

of | The Michigan Equal Rights association held its annual session in Grand

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Our Prices are always the Lowest.

Choice Tea Dust 8 cents per pound. Good Roasted Coffee 19 cents per pound. Fresh Roasted Peanuts 5 cents per pound. 8 pounds Best Rolled Oats for 25 cents. 5 pounds V. & C. Crackers for 25 cents. Water White Kerosine Oil 7 cents per gallon.

A Good Broom for 15 cents. 6 cans Sardines in Oil for 25 cents. Good Canned Pumpkin 6 cents per can. Good Canned Corn 7 cents per can. 25 boxes Matches for 25 cents.

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The best of everything in the meat line is kept at the Central Meat Market. In beef products we handle nothing except home-fatted cattle of the best quality. In pork products you will find honest sausage and pure kettle rendered lard. Try our surar cured hams and bacons. They are fine. All kinds of sausage, prime lamb and choice yeal. If you want good meats give me your order. Respectfully.

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FRANK SHAVER,

Proprietor of the

CITY | BARBER | SHOP : Kempf Bros. old bank building.

Chelses and Vicinity

M. J. Lehman and wife spent Sunday in

Nelson Dancer is clerking for R. A. L. T. Freeman was an Ann Arbon visitor

this week. The street sprinkler has commenced

W. P. Schenk was in New York this

reek on business. Sheriff Brenner, of Ann. Arbor, was in

town last Sunday. C. H. Kempf was in Ann Arbor last

Rev. M. J. Fleming was a recent guest at St. Mary's Rectory.

Tuesday on business.

Miss Cecelia Foster is quite ill at her home on South Main street.

Fred Freeman, of Manchester, was a Chelsea visitor lost Tuesday. Lewis Hubbard, of Jackson, was a

Chelsea visitor last Saturday. Governor Rich has designated Friday,

April 27, 1894, as Arbor Day. Dr. R. M. Speer, of Battle Creek, spent Sunday here with his parents.

Harry Donner, of Detroit, called on Chelsea friends the past week.

An exchange says this is the year for the return of the seventeen-year locusts.

Chas. Carr, of Jackson, was in Chelsea last Friday and Saturday on business.

Chas. Carpenter, of Jackson, spent Sunday with his parents at this place.

Mr. Leo Staffan and Miss Mabel Gillam were North Lake visitors last Sunday.

Master George Woods, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday with Master Gussie BeGole. George Kalmbach has purchased and

Tommy McNamara is moving into the Thacher house, corner Main and Summitt streets.

Walter Woods, of Ann Arbor, is spending a few days among his many Chelsea

The Michigan Central Railroad changed may be interested please remember. time last Sunday. See card in another

this week.

Mrs. W. F. Hatch, of East Middle street, is being entertained by friends in Detroit this week.

the past week with her daughter, Mrs. Wm. Luick. Dr. Greiner has opened a branch office

in Freedom, and will visit that place every Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Glazier and daughter, Edna, of South street, were in Detroit and Cleveland last week.

Miss Mabel Wallace came up from Ann Arbor last Thursday to attend the funeral of Miss Lottie Taylor.

Ransom Armstrong, Herbert Dancer and George Hathaway, of the U. of M., spent Sunday in this vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wedemeyer, of Orchard street, are the guests of Ann Arbor friends this week.

Mrs. L. D. Loomis, of Grass Lake, was the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Roland Waltrous, the past week.

Those in search of the latest in the millinery line, be sure and read Mrs Staffan's "ad" on iast page.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Mast, of West Middle street, went to Ann Arbor last week to

attend the funeral of a friend. R. A. Snyder will move his grocery and meat market to the Kempf store next door

to his present place of business. Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Wurster and Miss Nina Belle were the guests of Mr. Wurster's

parents at Webster last Sunday. Mrs. Sarah Bennett, of North street, was

in Jackson last week and while there attended the wedding of a niece.

Rev O. C. Bailey and Dr. Holmes of this place attended the Jackson Congrega tional Association at Jackson this week.

Prof. Gus. Warren is getting his side show in order for the coming season. He will travel with the Whitney Family show.

Mrs Randolph Davis, of Olivet, and Miss Martha Allen, of Saline, visited with C. M. Davis and family a few days of last

Mrs. Wm. Brewer and daughter, o Saginaw, are visiting with Mrs. Brewer's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. McLaren, at Lima.

Geo. E. Davis will erect a handsome and commodious dwelling house on his lot on Summitt street. Geo. Beckwith has the contract.

MICHIGAN, Turnbull, assistant.

Mr. and Mrs. L. V. Smith, of Canandai It Pays gua, N. Y., are spending a few days here visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Campbell and other relatives.

Miss Mary J. Miller has been appointed Prefect of the young ladies' Sodality of St Mary's church in place of Miss Mary Howe, who resigned.

Mr. and Mrs. John Stickelmier, of East street, were in Jackson Saturday and attended the funeral of Mrs. Stickelmier's of great interest for close buyers. If aunt, Mrs. Upthegrove.

spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. G E. at the Hathaway, at the residence of Mr. Wm. Martin, of Railroad street.

W. F. Hatch and C. H. Kempf will go to Jackson Friday as delegates from the Congregational church to the Jackson Congregational Association. There will be a farewell reception for

the Rev. O. C. Bailey and family at the Town Hall Tuesday evening April 24th. A cordial invitation is extended to all. Rev John Neuman and wife, Mr. Wm.

Neuman and wife, and Miss Hannah First-class lanterns 29c each. Neuman, of Ann Arbor, were the guests 5 pounds V. & C. crackers for 25c. of Rey. and Mrs. C. Haag last Tuesday. The fifth annual meeting of the Mich-

igan Woman's Press association will be held in Ann Arbor June 5, 6 and 7. An unusually good program is being arranged. Mrs. Chas. McAllister and daughter,

Miss Lulu, who have been spending the past few months here with relatives left for their home in Boulder, Col, last Tuesday.

At the annual meeting of the Lyndon Sunday School, Samuel Boyce was elected superintendent, Miss Eva Leek keeps the records and A. J. Boyce handles the

Died, of consumption, Saturday, April moved into the Grant house on North 14, 1894, at the home of her parents in Lima, Miss Helen Easton, aged 21 years. The funeral was held at the house Monday p. m., Rey. O. C. Bailey officiating.

A meeting for the purpose of organizing a Prohibition Club will be held in the hall over R. A. Snyder's store on Friday evening April 20th at 8 o'clock sharp. All who

The following persons from this vicinity 25 pounds sulphur for \$1. received third grade certificates at the Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Conklin are enter recent examination held in Ann Arbor: Good plug tobacco 25c per pound. taining Mr. Hiram Burteson, of Quincy, Ada Schenk, Jessie Bush, Agnes Wade, Best Sardines 5c per box. Maud Flagler and James F. Hathaway.

Mrs. Chas, Wines and Mrs. Thos. Sears are in Jackson this week attending the Woman's Home Missionary meeting held Mrs. Wittie, of Howell, spent a few days in connection with the Jackson Congregational Society as delegates from this

> Mrs. E. L. Negus and father, Mr. Curran White, of East Middle street, and Mr. E. H. Keyes, of Lima, left Tuesday for Reading, where they were called by the serious illness of a relative, Mrs. Kate Saunders.

Died, of cancer of the stomach, Wednesday, April 11, 1894, at her home in Bridgewater. Mrs. garah Mills, aged 50 years. The funeral was held Saturday. Deceased was a mother of Mrs. Fred Office Over Glazier's Drug Store, Roedel of this village:

Frank Keller, Ypsilanti's heavyweight sluggar, has been matched to a finish fight with "Yank" Kenny, of Detroit, for \$250 a side, to take place within 100 miles of Detroit, between May 2 and 6. Keller has gone in training at Dexter.

Young Orla C. Gregory, the assistant cashier of the Dexter Bank, who lost his mind in such a sad way a few weeks ago, the insanity developing in the insane freak of robbing the bank, was taken to St. Joseph's Retreat, a private asylum at Dearborn last week.

Oh, merchant in thy hour of e e e, if on this paper you should ccc, take our advice and be thrice y y y, Go straightway out and adver tii, you'll find the project of some u u u, Neglect can offer no ex q q q. Be wise at once, prolong your da a a a, silent business soon de k k k!

Rev. Father Considine left for Detroit Wednesday to attend the funeral of the Rev. William Sinn, late rector of St. Mary's church, Lapeer, Mich. Father Sinn died at the home of his parents in Detroit last Monday morning from consumption. His funeral took place this morning from Our Lady of Help church.

Messrs. Emil Richter, Alfred Schairer, Charles F. Ziefle, Fred Schall, Robert Hutzel, Fred Fisher, J. F. Wuerth and Henry A. Steinbach came up from Ann Arbor last Sunday and spent the day with Henry Steinbach's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Steinbach, the occasion being Henry's 21st birthday.

The two-year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Conrad Finkbeiner, of South Main street, sampled the contents of a carbolic acid bottle last Saturday and only At a meeting of the Township Board for the timely aid of a physician would last Monday, A. W. Wilkinson was probably have passed to the other shore. appointed census enumerator, and B. B. but at present she occupies her usual seat patronage. at the family board.

To Keep Posted.

It will pay you a big per cent to keep an eye on our price-list every week, as we always have something vou want to buy the very choicest Mr. R B. Mackenzie, of Ann Arbor, goods at almost wholesale price, trade

Bank Drug Store.

New Brazil Nuts 8c per pound. Alaska Salmon 8c per can. 10 lbs fine English Currents for 25c. Best Canned Pumpkin 6c per can Choice Seedless Raisins 3c per lb 25 pounds Brown sugar for \$1.00. 3 packages cleaned Currants for 25c 21 lbs. granulated sugar \$1.00. Fine 4 Cr. Raisins 8c per pound.

2 packages Yeast Foam for 5c. Full cream cheese 14c per pound. Tea dust 121/2c per pound.

3 Cr Raisins 6c per pound. Gloss Starch 6c per pound. Arm and Hammer Saleratus 6c per lb. Best Nudavene Flakes 8 lbs for 25c. 3 packages mince meat for 20 cents Best kerosine oil 7c per gallon. Lamp wicks 1c per yard.

No. 1 lamp chimneys 3c each. No. 2 lamp chimneys 5c each. Best Lantern Globes 5c each.

Choice Coffee 19c per pound. Mixed and stick candy 10c per pound. Fine perfumes 85c per ounce. Clothes pins 6 dozen for 5c. Codfish in bricks 8c per pound.

Best Baking Powder 20c per pound. Fine N. O. Molasses for 25c per gal. Extra Japan tea 80c per pound. 9 sticks best chicory for 10c. Choice Mustard 15c per jug.

3 cakes elegant toilet soap for 20c. Fine syrup 25c per gallon Axle grease 5c per box.

Banner smoking tobacco 15c per pound. 1 Good fine cut tobacco 25c per pound. Rising sun stove polish 5c per package. Good smoking tobacco 18c per lb.

Purest Spices that can be bought. Fine toothpicks 5c per package. Pure Cider Vinegar 18c per gallon. Fresh Roasted Peanuts 5 cents per pound, 8 pounds Clean rice for 25 cents.

Verily, Merrily, More and More. It Pays to Trade at

.AZIER'S

Dr. W. A. CONLAN, DENTIST,

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office hours—10 to 12 a. m. and to 4 p. m. Office in the Sherry building, Chelsea, Mich.

PALMER & TWITCHELL **PHYSICIANS**

AND

SURGEONS.

Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelses.

Physician & Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES:-Diseases of the Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear. Office Hours:-10 to 12 and 17



Operative, Prosthetic and Ceramic Dentistry in all their branches. Teeth examined and advice given free. Special attention given to children's teeth: Nitrous oxide and Local Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently

H. H. AVERY, D. D. S. Office over Kempf Bro's Bank.

The Parlor Barber Shop,

Chelsea, Mich. Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your

GEO. EDER. Prop.

st bought

ara Man's Men's Fr

have secured exclusi sale of & Sank Coffee, we car comple in stoc

Remen

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cannot

obtain

from a other s Chelse Give it and be convid its me

Geo.

Art

101

We ke rough, and Original I Detroit St

S HOLMES MERCANTILE CO

\$5,000.00

WORTH OF

Clothing, New

hought at a great discount for cash, and we shall give ou customers the benefit.

Do Not

ra Man's suit, Coy's suit, a pair of Pants or Overalls, until you see what we can do for you.

Our Line

Men's Furnishing Goods, Trunks, Bags, Telescopes, etc., is complete

New Neckwear Just Received.

Yours very truly,

secured the exclusive sale of Chase & Sanborn's Coffee, and we carry a complete line in stock. Remember this Coffee cannot be obtained from any other store in Chelsea. Give it a trial and be convinced of

> ts merits. Geo. Blaich

MHOL



BAUMGARDNER,

Designer and Builder of

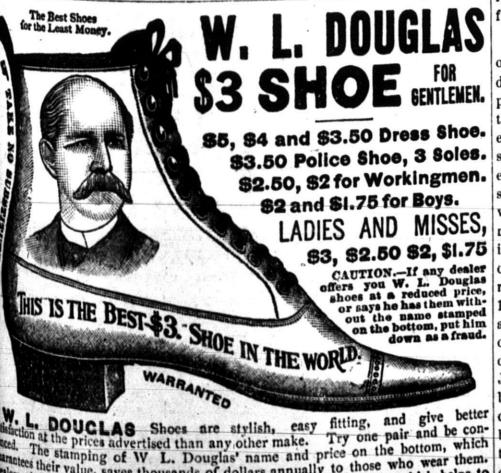
Artistic (Granite (Memorials.)

Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

Established 1868.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granits in the rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice. March 30, reported wheat prospects as Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10 follows: America and Canada-prospects Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derrick 2-8 Miller Aye.





Here and There.

Moving and house-cleaning is now the order of the day.

The marshal at Manchester gathered in 208 tramps from the 1st of October last until the 1st of April.

In the matter of office seeking a Pennwhat he wanted he hanged himself, and everybody was satisfied.

No admission will be charged

Central is preparing to replace eight miles of track between Grass Lake and Chelsea with eighty-five pound steel rails.

The idea that a woman wants small hands to look pretty is a mistake; they want them so they can get them inside a lamp chimney when they clean it.

The London Lancet announces a cure for cancer. It is tetrahydroparamethyloxychinadine. The average man we believe would prefer to take his chances with the cancer.

Miss Lois H Janes, of Ann Arbor, in a fit of despondency over her failure to secure an engagement as teacher, committed suicide with strychnine, and her body was found on the river bank Wednesday morning of last week.

Chas. Eirick, of Eirick Bros., East Buffalo, N. Y., the well known live stock commission merchants was in town looking up business for the firm last week. He reports a better demand for all grades of live stock, and market in healthier con-

During the last six years the importation of quinine in various forms has been reduced over one-half, and the monthly returns now show a steady decline. During the same period of time the retail price of quinine has been reduced almost as much as the importation.

Reports to state board of health show influenza, rheumatism, neuralgia, bronchitis, consumption, in the order named as causing most sickness in Michigan during the week ending April 7. Scarlet fever was reported at 49 places.; diptheria at 83; measles, 25; typhoid fever, 15, and small pox at three places. Consumption was reported present by 49 per cent of the observers making weekly card reports.

Market reports say the stock of old wool | month. s very small. This, however, does not ncrease the price. Supply and demand are not having the usual effect. The new clip is not expected to be large. On account of low prices many sheep have been marketed. Wool dealers seem to entertain no great expectations for the future, still prices are so low that it looks as if investments would be safe if not profitable. There is no speculation in anything except politics, and dullness will prevail there for several months to come

The Liverpool Corn Trade News of uncertain but improving on early reports. Russia-prospects uncertain, but improving. France-satisfactory; India satisfactory. Austria-Hungary-satisfactory; spring cultivation nearly finished. Italysatisfactory. Southeastern Europe-some injury, but latest reports more hopeful. Germany-reports very hopeful. Spainfair; rain now wanted United Kingdom -condition very satisfactory. North Africa -satisfactory now, after a bad start. Argentina-Recent harvest large in quantity, but quality irregular; considerable smut and much damage by after harvest rains. Australasia—fine crop recently harvested, about 45,000,000 bushels. Belgium-prospects now satisfactory Chili-recent reports reduce earlier estimates by one-third. Denmark-crop forward, and liable to injury, if night frosts are severe.

By act of 1863 every owner or occupant of land in Michigan are required to cut down all Canada thistles growing on his premises, or on the highway passing by or through the same, as often in each and every year as shall prevent them going to seed, under penalty of a fine of \$10 for every such failure. The highway commissioner must notify all who fail to comply with this law, and if in five days they do not cut them down the commissioner has it done and collects the expense from the owner or occupant. All railroad, plank road and gravel companies, by the laws of 1891, are required to cut down and destroy all noxious weeds growing upon land occupied by them in any city, village or organized township, between June 15 and July 1, and again between Aug. 15 and it becomes lawful for any highway officer to cut them down between July 1 and 5, and between September 1 and 5 each year at tase the sales on their full line of goods. They can afford to sell at a less profit, we believe you can save money by buying all your footwear of the dealer adverbelow. Catalogue free upon application. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. F. Riemenschneider & Co., Chelsea. referred to the highway commissioner.

April Crop Report.

March was remarkable for high temper ature and moderate amount of precipitation Reports a e not yet at hand from all stations in the State, but at the State Board of Health station at Lansing, the records how it to have been the warmest March in sixteen years. The mean temperature sylvanian has set an example. Not getting of the month was 40 48 degrees, or 9 d-grees above the normal. The mean temperature of the first twenty-four days The entertainment "The Man that was about 44 65 degrees, or 13 degrees Spoiled the Music," will be repeated next above the normal. The highest temper-Sunday evening at the Methodist church, ature recorded was 74 degrees on the 18th. A cold wave passed over the State on the The Grass Lake News says the Michigan 25th, and the weather from that date to the end of the month was severely cold. The mean temperature of the last week of the month was below 28 degrees. On the 25th the temperature dropped to 10 degrees This was the lowest point touched during the month.

Since April 1 the temperature has gone below the freezing point on all except two days On the 1st it dropped to 21 degrees, on the 2d to 22, and on the nights of the 7th and 8th to 25. This morning, April 9th, there is a strong, cold wind from the

The average precipitation in March was 1.26 inches. Three inches of snow fell on the 28th.

As usual wheat on the summit and west side of hills, and on clay and undrained lands, has been somewhat injured, but as a whole the crop has wintered well. The averages of the estimates of correspondents are for the southern counties, 89 per cent; central counties 91 per cent; northern Correspondents in their remarks report the make you on good goods. crop in good condition, much better condition than usual at the end of an "open" March. In 1893 the average condition the gardeners. Pineapples and new April 1, in the southern counties was 81, central 91, State 84; in 1892, southern counties 90, central 89, State 90; in 1891, southern 97, central 92. and State 96. The average condition this year, in the southern counties is eight points better, and in the State six points better than on April 1. 1893

The total number of bushels of wheat reported marketed by farmers in March 18 1,138,557, and in the eight months, August-March, 11,423,596, which is 106,674 bushels less than reported marketed id the same months last year At 27 elevators and mills from which reports have been received, there was no wheat marketed during the

The average condition of clover meadows and pastures is as follows: Southern counties 79 per cent, central 87, northern 95 and State 82 per cent.

Farm animals are in good condition.

During the warm weather that prevailed previous to the 25th of March fruit buds developed to som · considerable extent, and grave fears were felt that the cold wave of that date would work great harm if not ruin to the crop A large number of letters, which will be published in full in the final report, have been received from fruit specialists since April 1, but at the time they were written the growers themselves were not entirely satisfied as to the amount of damage, The Grand River Valley Horticultural Society, March 27, believed no harm had been done, but one of its members a few days later found pears and peaches badly injured. Ionia growers think their crop injured but a trifle. A St. Joseph correspondent thinks peaches all killed. A South Haven a fair crop of all kinds of fruit is expected. In Washtenaw peach buds had "started to bloom," in some cases showing color. All such on low ground are killed, while those on higher ground are not injured. Apple and other fruits on high lands have escaped.

that the early and tender varieties of fruit, especially peaches and pears, have been injured, but the laler and hardier kinds are yet srfe. This is particularly true of apples. There is no reason why a full crop

of this fruit should not be expected. WASHINGTON GARDNER, Sec, of State.

Thanks to Friends.

We desire in this manner to express our peartfelt thanks to the kind neighbors and friends who have so generously contributed to the comfort and care of our dear ones in

Every act of kindness that loving hearts could suggest was cheerfully performed.

While we are fully aware that these 9 sticks Chicory for 10c many evidences of sympathetic interest in Axle Grease 5c per box the departed, were far above any selfi-h Rising Sun S ove Polish 5c per package expectation of reward, yet we feel that Tooth Picks 5c per package something more is due, and any opportunity that may ever offer to repay these favors will be eagerly embraced.

JAMES TAYLOR AND FAMILY.

Turnips boiled with their jackets on are the expense of the corporation, at the rate of better flavor and less watery. A small less who push the sale of W. L. Douglas Shoes gain customers, which helps to the sales on the cooking corrects the bitterness often over the country should be promptly found in them. If to be served mashed, run through a colander.

Man

Don't you know that what you eat should be of first quality only and that it is dangerous to the health to use second class eatables?

You will find plenty of people who are offering second class goods at a small figure in order to induce you to buy of them.

Remember

We never sacrafice the quality of an article in order to meet the price of TRASH.

But will sell you GOOD GOODS at a lower figure than any one who is selling first class goods.

We wish to call your attention to the line of canned goods especially. When you buy canned goods of us you can depend upon it that the qualcounties, 94 per cent. and State, 90 per ity is FIRST CLASS, and the price cent, comparison being with average years. we guarantee as low as any one will

For the coming Saturday we offer another lot of Vegetables fresh from Tomatoes.

This Week

We shall receive the finest assortment of Bakery goods ever shown in Chelsea. All New and Fresh.

Just Received

A shipment of the Alden Fruit Vinegars. Call and taste them, their flavors are excellent

When you want goods that will please you. Canned goods, Bottled goods, Teas or Coffees, call on usand you will get First Quality Only.

Beissel & Staffan.

The reason why we can make these prices is because we pay cash for all we buy, our expenses are light, and we are satisfied with a small profit.

Fresh roasted peanuts 5c per pounp 21 pounds Granulated Sugar for \$1 Canned Pumpkin 6c per can Canned Corn 7c per can 8 pounds Rolled Oats for 25c 5 pounds V. & C. Crackers for 25c 2 cans Good Salmon for 25c. Sardines in oil 5c per can Sardines in mustard 10c per can Best Codfish 8c per pound

Fanciest Messina Lemons 20c doz Good Seedless Raisins 3c per pound Choice 3 Cr. Raisins 6c per pound Extra choice California Prunes 4 lbs for 25c A fair conclusion from these letters is 4 pounds Cleaned Currants for 25c 2 packages Yeast, any kind for 5c Best full Cream Cheese 14c per pound Gloss Starch 6c per pound Arm & Hammer Saleratus 6c per package

All Laundry Soaps excepting Babbits 6 bars for 25c Clothespins 6 doz for 5c Lanterns Globes 5c each Lamp Chimneys 3 and 5c each.

Lamp Wicks 1c per yard Mixed Candy 10c per pound Stick Candy 10c per pound Good Baking Powder 20c per lb

Rice, 5 cents per pound Choice Jug Mustard 15c

Choice Bakers N. O. Molasses 25c per gal Our Best Sugar Syrup 25c per gal

A Good Coffee at 19c per pound Choice Tea Dust 8c per pound Banner Smoking Tobacco 15c per lb. Extra choice Japan Tea 30c per pound. Good Fine Cut Tobacco 25c per pound Good Plug Tobacco 25c per pound 25 pounds Sulphur for \$1

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

: : MICHIGAN CHELSEA.

A PROPOSED law that any new building erected in London shall have its frout not less than twenty feet from the middle of the street has brought out the fact that there are in the heart of the city thirty-two miles of street less than forty feet broad.

IT is announced that Mr. Edison has adopted the theory that sleep is only the force of habit, that if they but try, men can get along without sleep precisely as they can get along without stimulants. He insists that the human family wastes about one-third its time in bed.

THERE is reported to be a movement on foot to remove the capital of Brazil from Rio de Janeiro to some point far in the interior. The place most favored is a territory in the Pyrenees mountains, at an elevation of 3,000 feet above the sea, and at a distance of over 600 miles from Rio Janeiro.

THE Empress Frederick has induced two Berlin societies of amateur photographers to co-operate in bringing about | gave the alarm and he and his fireman an international exhibition of photo- rushed out. In ten minutes the whole graphs by amateurs in 1895. Her majesty has undertaken to be a patroness, and has requested the Princess Henry to act as her substitute on the commit-

Ships that have come back from the North Atlantic sealing grounds report that the total catch will not exceed 200,-000, less than half the usual number. In addition they tell of extreme suffering and harhships, with loss of lives and damage to vessels in consequence of the severity of the weather and the great number of icebergs.

SECRETARY BRUNER of the department of agriculture of North Carolina is in receipt of a letter from Japanese Commissioner Koidzumi, who states that he guarantees to raise \$150,000, if a like sum is made up in this country, to bring Japanese colonists to North Carolina and manufacture porcelain ware out of kaolin.

THE great buildings of the World's fair, which cost several million dollars and were given away by the Exposition Co., have been sold by the park commissioners to a St. Louis contractor for \$75,500. The buildings will be demolished at once. The art and forestry buildings and a few smaller structures are not included in the sale.

In Lyons, Ia, co-operation has been quite successful. Five years ago a few men rented a small store at \$15 a month. Now almost everybody in town is a member of the Co-operative association, and their store occupies a solid block, employing thirteen clerks. It is worth to-day between \$50,000 and \$75,000, paying seven per cent. dividends on the stock.

Mississippi takes one patent for every 20,469 of her population; Connecticut, one for every 1,018 of hers; South Carolina one for every 23,490; Massa-Carolina, one for every 21,288; Rhode Island, one for every 1,191; Georgia takes one for every 14,817, and New York one for every 1,635; Alabama takes one for every 18,457; Illinois, one for every 1,944.

FOURTEEN women, known as the Gray Ladies of London, have dedicated their lives to working among the poor of Blackheath. The population of this district amounts to over 70,000, and the Gray Ladies, so-called from the habit they wear, visit the sick and try to educate the well. They have one day a week for rest, but with that exception devote themselves entirely ts the people around them.

THE United States navy is experimenting successfully with aluminum life boats. Aluminum yachts are com ing into use abroad, and the metal has recently been suggested here as a suitable material for car construction. Aluminum horseshoes are being made in France that are four times lighter than iron shoes. They should be good for racers. The latest thing out is aluminum cabs, which are to be tried

THE United States government has been formally invited to send a troop of cavalry to London to participate in the royal cavalry tournament, which takes place in May next in the agricultural hall, Islington. All the principal armies of the world have been invited, and the affair will be international in character. Each government is expected to send the flower of its cavalry, and the competition in drill will be specially sharp and active.

JOE ZIEMER, of Chicago, has invented a device for the transmission of mail matter, which, he claims, will cover the distance between Chicago and New York in six hours, and deliver mail at the intermediate stations. Just how the machine is made is not yet divulged. The power used, however, is electricity, while in the chambers of the car carrying the mail a system of magnets is arranged so that the pouches are delivered and collected sutomatically.

A BIG PLANT BURNED.

The American Glucose Works in Buffalo Destroyed.

The Loss Is Estimated at More Than \$1,000,000 - Several Men Are Badly Injured, and It Is Feared Some Have Perished.

IN ASHES.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 14.—The great plant of the American Glucose company, which also has extensive works at Peoria, Ill., and which is controlled by C. J. Hamlin, the famous trotting horse man, and his sons, burned Thursday night. The loss is considerably over \$1,000,000; insurance, \$585,000.

The plant of this company was situated on the Hamburg canal, Scott, East and West Market and Perry streets. There were four immense buildings of brick, ranging in height from eight to eleven stories. The fire started in the main building, which was used for making the glucose. The buildings burned were the power and feed house, the refinery and the storehouse. The Buffalo city fish market was also burned.

The fire was discovered in the dynamo-room of the main building shortly after 7 o'clock by the engineer. Ho eleven floors were on fire and flames were bursting through the windows and darting from the roof.

There were perhaps 125 men at work Thursday night. It will not be known until a census of employes is taken today whether one man or fifty were cremated. It is known that some of the men escaped by a fire-escape, and some of them on the lower stories jumped into the canal. A great many of the men at work on the upper floors were ignorant Poles and Germans. They may have been burned and they may not, It is impossible to tell now. The chances are, however, that several men were burned to death.

So far as known four workmen and three firemen are injured. These are: John Young, a workman, hurt about the head and face: two Poles, cannot speak English, names unknown, both severely injured, one has both legs broken: John Stein, workman, severely burned: Chris Lang, fireman, leg broken by a fall; Louis H. Schrader, a fireman, badly burned; Joseph Webber, a fireman. burned and injured.

The fire was one of incredible swiftness. The building was full of inflammable materials, acids and the like used in the making of glucose and starch, and the fire spread from top to bottom in a few minutes. In fifteen minutes the entire main building was a mass of flames. In twenty minutes the walls began to fall, and they fell at frequent intervals until inside of fortyfive minutes there was but one corner standing. The main building was connected with the power and feed house by an elevated bridge over Scott street. The flames crept across this and ignited the feed house.

Meanwhile the city fish market just across the street caught fire. Five place at the head of a company of confederate firemen were sent inside to fight volunteers. Soon he was appointed colonel of the flames, and a number of streams were turned on the roof. The building was a long, low brick structure, and the firemen made a good fight to save it, but a porchusetts, one for every 1,055; North tion of a blazing wall fell on it and started the roof to burning fiercely. The firemen inside did not know of this and no one told them. The consequences were that in a few minutes the roof fell in and buried the five firemen. Two of them escaped with no other injuries than a few bruises.

The feed house was completely destroyed, the walls all having fallen by 10 o'clock. The refinery and the storehouse went next and by 11 o'clock there was nothing left of the mammoth establishment but a few tottering walls.

For a great many years the Hamlins held among themselves the secrets of the processes and made millions. Then they were sued by a man named Williams, who claimed to have discovered the process, and the secrets all came out. Since that time there have been many glucose works started.

GOLD GOING ABROAD. Treasury Officials, However, Are Not

Alarmed by the Shipments.

Washington, April 14. - The secretary of the treasury has received notice that about \$2,000,000 in gold coin would be required for export next Saturday, about half of which would be drawn from the treasury and an equal amount from the New York banks. It is the opinion of the treasury officials that this shipment is the beginning of the usual spring exportation and that shipments are likely to continue for some time. This fact, however, is not regarded as a cause for alarm. The net gold in the treasury at the close of business Thursday was \$105,963,539. Last year at this time the gold exportations were abnor- any evening, but the firemen could not mally heavy, reaching \$19,148,964 during April and \$16,914,317 in May. ln June they had dropped to \$2,711,226 urday afternoon and the water had been and in July to \$174,212.

For a Bureau of Interstate Banks. WASHINGTON, April 14.—Representative Sherry (Conn.) has introduced in the house a bill to establish a bureau of interstate banks. The bill is a modification, in some important respects, of streams were weak and ineffectual. the national banking act and is designed to meet the demand for local currency in the south and west by affording a more profitable and accessible basis of circulation than United States bonds.

OAKES MUST EXPLAIN.

The Northern Pacific Receiver Ordered to Face Charges of Fraud.

MILWAUKEE, April 17 .- Judge Jenkins has denied the petition for the removal of the Northern Pacific receiv-

The days of Thomas F. Oakes as one of the receivers of the Northern Pacific railroad are numbered unless he can disprove three serious charges brought against him by Brayton Ives, and which Judge Jenkins Saturday said had not been answered to the satisfaction of the court in Mr. Oakes' reply to the petition for his removal. In the words of the court the denials of Mr. Oakes were not substantial denials. The charges that Receiver Oakes must prove false in order to retain his position are that he allowed deals to be made whereby certain directors made great profits, and which resulted in looting the treasury and wrecking the corporation. Here they are:

The purchase of the Chicago terminals for \$8,000,000 in excess of their cost and the pocketing of the profit by Villard, Colby, Abbott and Hoyt.

The purchase of the Rocky Fork & Cooke City railroad. This road was built by a syndicate of Northern Pacific directors at a cost of \$18,000 per mile and was sold to the Northern Pacific for \$30,000 a mile, giving the directors' syndicate, of which Villard was president, a profit of \$600,000.

The purchase of the Northern Pacific & Manitoba railroad for \$20,000 a mile. It was built at a cost of \$12,000 per mile by the directors' syndicate, which netted \$500,000 by the

Judge Jenkins said explanations regarding these shady transactions must be forthcoming, and, in order to get the necessary light, will refer this portion of the petition to a special examiner for the purpose of taking testimony.

Concerning the charges against Receivers Payne and Rouse, Judge Jenkins said they had done nothing to merit their removat. The only mistake they had made was in joining with Mr. Oakes in having separate receivers appointed for the various branch lines and thus creating heavy and unnecessary expenses. The court said that while in this matter they had acted hastily and were ill-advised he did not deem their action sufficient ground to warrant their removal.

DEATH OF SENATOR VANCE. Expires Suddenly at His Residence in

Washington-Sketch of His Life.

WASHINGTON, April 17. - Senator Zebulon B. Vance, of North Carolina, died at 11:40 o'clock Saturday night at his residence in this city. Paralysis and a complication of diseases resulted in a stroke of apoplexy while he was supposed to be in a fair way to ing the winter, seeking health, but came back to Washington to take part in the tariff legislation.

[Zebulon B. Vance was born in Buncombe county, N. C., May 13, 1830. He received his education at Washington college and at the University of North Carolina. He chose the law as his profession and early drifted into politics. In 1854 he was elected a member of the North Carolina legislature and in 1858 he was chosen to represent his district in congress. Although opposed to secession when the war broke out he continued to represent his North Carolina constituency by taking his the famous Twenty-fifth North Carolina regi-

In 1862, while he was still serving the cause of secession in the field, he was elected governor of North Carolina. His most noted achievement while in the office of governor was the securing of foreign aid for the confederate cause. He sent agents to Europe who purchased a fine steamboat, which subsequently ran the blockade, bringing in clothing. arms and stores for the confederate govern-

As early as December, 1863, Gov. Vanceurged President Davis to take advantage of every opportunity to negotiate with the United States government. At that time Vance realized the hopelessness of the cause he was supporting. When the national troops occupied North Carolina Gov. Vance was arrested and held a prisoner at Washington for several weeks.

Upon the election of Thomas L. Clingman, then representing North Carolina in the lower house of congress, to the senate, Vance was chosen to serve out the unexpired term. He was chosen as a state rights American, and served again in the Thirty-sixth congress. He was chosen governor of North Carolina in 1862 and 1864. In 1868 he attended as a delegate the democratic national convention which nominated Horatio Seymour for the presidency.

In November, 1879, he was elected United States senator, but was not allowed to take his seat, his political disabilities not having been removed. He therefore resigned in January, 1872, and in 1876 was chosen governor of his state for the third time. In 1879 he was given a seat in the senate chamber and has been since reelected without opposition.]

SANTA CRUZ SCORCHED.

Twenty-Four Buildings in the Heart of the City Burned-Loss, \$255,000.

SANTA CRUZ, Cal., April 17.-A fire Saturday night and Sunday morning reduced to ashes twenty-four buildings in the heart of this city and caused a loss of over \$255,000, with little less than \$100,000 insurance. One block reduced to ashes is bounded by Pacific avenue, Cooper and Grant streets and contained some of the finest buildings in the city, occupied by lawyers, bankers and merchants. The fire was of incendiary origin, and was first discovered at 10:40 o'clock Saturobtain a supply of water from the hydrants. The city's mains had broken Satsout off at the reservoir, 3 miles from town. It was not until 12 o'clock that the mains were once more opened. The water supply was then sufficient, but as Santa Cruz had not a fire engine to force the water through the hose the

The mayor, fearing that the whole business part of the town would be destroyed, telegraphed to San Jose for assistance. Although San Jose is 75 miles away a steamer arrived in one hour and lent valuable assistance. Watsonville also sent a steamer.



If your nearest, best and most esteemed neighbors had written the following letters they could be no more worthy of your confidence than they now are, coming, as they do, from well known, intelligent and trustworthy citizens who, in their several neighborhoods, enjoy the fullest confidence and respect of all

Mrs. F. L. Inman, of Manton, Wexford Co., Mich., whose portrait heads this article, writes as follows: "I began taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription about a year ago. For years I have suffered with falling and ulceration of the womb, but to-day, I am enjoying perfect health.

I took four bottles of the 'Prescription' and two of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Every lady suffering from female weakness should try the 'Prescription' and Golden Medical Discovery."

Miss Mary J. Tanner, North Lawrence, St. Lawrence Co., N. Y., writes: "I was sick for four years. For two years I could do no work. I had five different physicians, who pronounced my case a poor or impoverished condition of the blood, and uterine trouble. I suffered a great deal with pain in both sides, and much tenderness on pressing over the womb. I bloated at times in my bowels and limbs; was troubled with len corrhea. I could not sleep, and was troubled with palpitation of the heart. Suffered supposed to be in a fair way to a great deal of pain in my head, temples, recover. He had been in Florida dur- forehead and eyes. I had a troublesome cough, raised a great deal and at times experienced a good deal of pain in my chest and lungs. My voice at times was very weak. I suffered excruciating monthly, periodical pains. Since taking seven bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription some time ago, I have enjoyed better health than I have for more than four years previously; in fact, for several months past I have been able to work at sewing. I have gained in weight thirty-nine pounds since taking your medicines; the soreness and pain have disappeared." Yours truly,

mary J. Jan ner

Mrs. Alex. Robertson, of Half Rock, Mer. cer Co., Mo., writes : "For twenty years, I suffered with womb disease and most of the time I was in constant pain which rendered life a great burden, I cannot express what I suffered. I had eight doctors and all the medicine I had from them failed—the one

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I was nervous, cold hands and feet, palpitation, headache, backache, constipation, leucorrhea and no appetite, with bearing-down pains. I got so weak I could not walk around. I had to keep my bed, thinking I

would never get any better.

One day my husband got one of your little books and read it to me. He said there was nothing doing me any good. I said I would try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I did try it. After the first few weeks my appe-tite was better; I was able to sit up in bed. I wrote to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, at Buffalo, N. Y., and described my case; they sent me a book on woman's diseases. I read carefully and followed the directions as near as I could and took the medicine for two years. With the blessing of God and your medicines, I am entirely cured. That was three years ago." Yours truly,

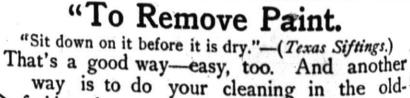
Mrs Ala Robertion

"Favorite Prescription" is a positive cure for the most complicated and obstinate cases of leucorrhea, excessive flowing, painful menstruction, unnatural suppressions, and irregularities, prolapsus, or falling of the womb, weak back, "female weakness," anteversion, retroversion, bearing-down sensations, chronic congestion, inflammation and ulceration of the womb, inflammation, pain and tenderness in ovaries, accompanied with "internal heat."

The Book (168 pages, Illustrated) referred to above, is sent sealed secure from observation in plain envelope for ten cents in stamps, to pay postage. Write for it. The Book points out the means of successful Home Treatment for all the peculiar weaknesses and distressing diseases incident to women. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y.



SANTA CLAUS SOAP BEST PUREST AND MOST ECONOMICAL. ande by THE N.K.FARBANK COMPANY CHICAGO.



way is to do your cleaning in the oldfashioned way with soap; the necessary rubbing takes off the paint along with the dirt, but this is very tiresome work. You ought to do your house-cleaning with

Pearline; that's the modern way-easiest and most economical way-takes away the dirt easily and leaves the paint Saves rubbing, saves work, saves time, saves whatever is

out soap) on anything that water doesn't hurt.

- I banta distributed to

WON HER CASE.

verdict of the Jury in the Pollard-Breckinridge Trial.

. Kentucky Congressman Is Assessed pamages in the Sum of \$15,000-He Asks for a New Trial-Washington Women Take Action.

THE COLONEL MUST PAY. WASHINGTON, April 17.-The Pollard-Breckinridge trial is ended at last and Madeline Pollard has a verdict for \$15,-00 against the silver tongued congressman from the blue grass region. The jury rendered its verdict Saturday after laving been out a little over an hour. There was no expression of approval disapproval from the crowd. Col. Breckinridge himself rose to make a notion for a new trial and the court There was nothing but expressions of approval and regrets that the amount was not larger among the few senators in the senate chamber when the bulletin was announced to them and rapidly passed around the

The jury took fifteen ballots before reaching a conclusion. The difference was mainly over the amount of damages to be granted, and there was but one man on the jury who favored the defendant. on the first ballot one juror voted for the lefense and hung out for a time, but his colleagues thought he did it more for the sake of argument than because he was strongly in favor of Col. Breckinridge. A number of ballots were required to reach a compromise on the amount of damage to be awarded. Two or three jurors wanted to give the full amount of \$50,000, while the others thought that merely nominal damages would serve to express their opinion that the congressman had treated Miss Pollard shabbily.

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Col. Breckinridge was very cool after the verdict had been rendered. He declined to speak at that time for publication, as did his attorneys. Miss Pollard was somewhat excited, but not hysterical, while awaiting the result and broke into tears when she heard it. She declined to be interviewed, and her attorneys said that she was anxious to efface herself from public sight as far as possible, now that the case had

As might have been expected with a strain of the trial culminated in a nervous collapse, and Miss Pollard is suffering from nervous prostration. She was taken Saturday night to Provia quiet part of the city on Capitol hill, where she is attended by the sisters of charity. The attending physicians do

During the trial several communications came to Miss Pollard and to her lawyers from managers of theatrical and opera companies offering high salaries if she would appear in almost any capacity under their auspices.

Hardly had the verdict been rendered when a meeting of prominent Washington women was called to take action regarding the case of Col. Breckinridge. Representatives of several feminine organizations met at Willard's hotel Saturday night, and, after an interesting conference, adopted resolutions calling upon congress to consider the qualifications of Representative Breckinridge for membership in

Some of the organizations whose representatives took part in the meeting were the Woman's Suffrage association, the Woman's Christian Temperance union and the Pro-Ra-Nata. Mrs. Sarah La Fetre, the president of the local Woman's Christian Temperance union. and Mrs. Ellen S. Mussey, the widow of the late Gen. Mussey, who is herself a practicing lawyer and is prominent in movements for the advancement of women, were among the leading spirits

The resolutions adopted were:

"To the House of Representatives, Washington D. C.: We representatives of the women of Washington, aiming toward the establishment of a higher code of morals and against the atroclous double standard which has cursed society so long, declare that we do not believe masculinity to be a license for uncleanliness, but that, holding the same high standard for womanhood which men demand, one equally high shall be required of manhood, therefore

"Resolved. That we must have chasity for chasity, under one rule of right bearing as rigidly in its application upon one sex as upon the other. From this standpoint we ask confress to consider the case of W. C. P. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, regarding his conduct so subecoming a legislator. Be it further

"Resolved, that we, daughters wives and mothers of the commonwealth, express our belef that types of the highest manhood are to be found in congress; therefore, we ask in full confidence that the house of representatives on in the sentiment now presented by us and take some definite action to insure the high character of our country's administration, and belp the future national councils to present a dean and unchallenged body of legislators."

A prominent lady and leader in social events in Washington said Saturday

'The Washington women have been quietly holding many indignation meetings and after the trial they will be heard. The notorious conduct of congressmen and public men at Washington is a national disgrace, and the omen are now thoroughly awakened on the subject and are determined to demand a better

"It is an open secret in Washington that here are women, beautiful, brilliant and fasher public men high in the councils of the tation are either perfectly understood or sus peted, who are met at every turn at the most ashionable functions, often in the receiving he, or, elegantly dressed as usual, presiding in the tea room or acting as assistant hostesses. Society knows all this, but so powerful has been the influence of the names back of them that no one has been the door.

In the tea room or acting as assistant hostcompelled to vote against the bill for the compelled to vote agai tem that no one has had the courage to drop | fac. maintains that the interests. the women or rebuke the men."

THE TARIFF BILL

Merits of the Measure Discussed by the Senators.

On the 9th, Senator Hill (dem., N.Y.) opened his speech by criticising the Hawaiian policy of the administration, and scoring the president with this "blunder" as "the natural conse quence which might well have been anticipated from that other mistake in placing the department of state in charge of a republican statesman, distinguished and estimable though he may be, whose public services have always been identified in opposition to the democratic party, who was without sympathy for its traditions and purposes and whose political convictions upon the disputed public questions of the day, if changed at all, ate carefully con-

"It was to be regretted," he said, "that the president should not have been able to find in his own party some safe and honored statesman who would have reflected credit upon the country and would have avoided the promulga tion of the un-American policy-a departurefrom democratic precedents-which was sought to be forced upon an unwilling people. In this view of the situation our opponents must accept some share of the responsibility for the blunders committed in our foreign affairs. In other respects the present administration of our government affords scant grounds for just

The senator spoke of the repeal of the federal election law as a fulfillment of the party's pledges and a triumph for the just doctrine of state's rights, and indorsed the repeal of the Sherman law. Coming then to the main question-tariff reform-he said:

"Revision should be approached with circumspection and with a realizing sense of the changed condition of the country since 1897 and 1890. An extreme reduction of tariff duties at a time when the treasury was swollen with a surplus of \$100,000,000, when the country was reasonably prosperous, when all our industries were in operation and when all our workingmen were employed, assumed a different aspect and presented a different question when proposed now, with a large and growing treasury deficit instead of a surplus staring us in the face, with our industries paralyzed, our manufactories closed, our workingmen idle and following upon the heels of one of the most disastrous financial panies in our history. What was safe and prudent and wise then it would be criminal folly to attempt now.

"In the face of the prostration of private in dustries and in the presence of such a paralysis of general business as the treasury deficit attests and prolongs, this bill, as framed by its authors and as passed by the house, sought to double the deficit by discarding customs revenue and to fill the void with an income tax."

He intimated that the tariff bill was constructed on lines laid down by the administration: that it was an anomalous state of affairs when the president should be able to give congress information as to what had occurred in a committee of the house.

Senator Hill said that for his part, as a democrat, he preferred indirect taxation and tariff reforms above direct taxation and tariff extension. He preferred taxing foreign products rather than taxing home products. He followed Jefferson in regarding even the species of indiwoman of her temperament, the long rect taxation on home products, by international revenue war taxes, as not good to be extended, and the first to be rid of when their

"I stand ready." he said in conclusion, "to sup port any reasonable measure for tariff reform dence hospital, a Catholic institution in framed within the lines and based upon the principles which I have here partially indicated, and which were fully set forth in my speech in opening the political campaign in Brooklyn on September 19, 1892 I stand tonot anticipate any serious effects from | day where I stood then. I have nothing to add and nothing to retract. I will cheerfully vote for the Mills bill, and join with you in making many material reductions of duties therein. I am ready to waive all minor differences of details which do not involve a question of

On the 10th Senator Lodge (rep., Mass.) speaking in opposition to the measure observed that it would be best were we to recognize "that by itself and of itself the tariff is a business question and that protection and free trade only take on a different and far deeper meaning when they are considered as parts of a question between far-reaching principles, which I believe involve the future of our race and the existence and progress of the highest civiliza-

"If the American manufacturer does not make money it is quite certain that he will not employ labor, and therefore the workingmen will not make money, either. Our manufacturers believe that, under free trade, they must either go out of business or reduce labor costs. They naturally do not care to do the former, for that is ruin, and they are very unwilling to try the latter, because reducing labor costs means lowering wages, which means in turn vast industrial disturbances, and that is ruin, too, or something very near it. How widely different is our situation to-day from that of England fifty years ago, so far as the manufacturers are concerned. Most striking of all these differences, moreover, is the fact that, while the English paritament listened to English manufacturers, a majority of the American congress not only turns a deaf ear to American manufacturers, but treats them as if they were enemies of their country.

"Has English agriculture been benefited by free trade, as Cobden and others of his school predicted? It is a matter of public notoriety that the record of agriculture in England of late years is little but a record of disaster."

There was nothing left them of the boasted superiority of free trade over protection, but the promise to increase trade, and to refute this claim he gave the percentage of increase by decades of England and the United States, which showed that in the decade 1870-1880 the trade of the United States under protection had increased nearly four times as much as that of England, while from 1880 to 1890 it was more than seven times greater.

He touched lightly upon the question of reciprocity and showed with perspicuity the advantages which had flowed from it, and the growth of trade which followed the adoption of reciprocity treaties. The wealth of a country is in production and the strength of a country

1 in its producers. On the 12th Senator Peffer continued his argument announcing his purpose of offering at the proper time a substitute for the pending bill, based on the principle of taxing the articles used by the rich, while exempting those articles of prime necessity used by the poor, whether manufactured abroad or not. He would relieve the poor of all taxation and put the tax on articles used by the rich, so that the burden of tariff taxation would rest chiefly on those who are best able to bear it

On the 13th Mr. Peffer concluded his long tariff speech in the senate making it clear what the attitude of one of the populists is. He will not vote for the tar if bill as it now stands, notwithstanding it contains the income tax provision. His chief objection is to the provisions of the revised Wilson bill as to wool and sugar. Mr. Peffer thinks that the sugar-beet industry of his section should be protected, and tected if the refiners are to be protected, and he cannot understand why wool should be made free and duties be retained on woolen manufactures. There are a great many who share Mr. P. fie 's views. Mr. Allen, another populist has privately indicated that he would be



All other powders are cheaper made and inferior, and leave either acid or alkali in the food

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

CHOLLIE-"I smoked two extra cigarettes last night and I've been thinking ever since Belle-"Well, that is the most improbable cigarette story I ever heard."-Inter

OLD FRIEND OF THE FAMILY—"And is it true that you are engaged to be married?" Miss. Fin-de-Siecle (promptly)—"No; only engaged."—Buffalo Courier.

"What have you decided to give Tom for his birthday?" Mrs. Tom—"A nice collar and cuff box. It will be so convenient to keep buttons and thread and scissors in."—

An Irish lawyer said to a witness: "You're a nice fellow, ain't you?" Witness replied: "I am, sir, and if I was not on my oath I'd say the same of you."—Oakland Enquirer.

HIS MOTHER-"You ought to feel ashamed

of yourself, fighting little Johnny Naybors!'
Tommy—"I do, mamma, he licked me."— CALLER-"I suppose you want Robbie to follow in his father's footsteps, and-

Mother-"Well, I should hope not. He is horribly pigeon-toed!" "Yes, he's my dog. He answers to the name of Jowler." "How can he answer to it? You've cut his tail clear off."-Chicago

THOMAS, I see that the D., L. & W. railroad had an accident yesterday. What does D., L. and W. stand for?" "Dead, living and wounded, sir."-Hallo.

LET him take heart who does advance, even in the smallest degree.-Plato.

WHENEVER you want invisible blue, just try to find a policeman.

A SIGHT draft on a blind man is good when the blind man sees it that way.

NEW YORK, April 16.

THE MARKETS.

| NEW YORK, April 16. | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| LIVE STOCK-Cattle | 83 70 @ 4 50 | |
| Sheep | 3 00 0 0 1 1 278 | |
| Hogs | 5 25 6 5 75 | |
| FLOUR-Winter Patents | 3 35 @ 3 50 | |
| Minnesota Patents | 3 50 @ 4 00 | |
| WHEAT-No. 2 red | 631/40 651/4 | |
| Ungraded Red | 60 @ 65 | |
| CORN-No. 2 | 43 1/2 44 % | |
| Ungraded Mixed | 44½@ 45½ 88 @ 39 | |
| OATS-Track Mixed Western | | |
| RYE-Western | | |
| | 14 00 @14 25 .7 90 @ 7 95 | |
| | 17 @ 25 | |
| BUTTER-Western Creamery | 12 6 16 | |
| Western Dairy | 12 6 10 | |
| CH1CAGO. | | |
| Br. F. V E.S.—Suipping Steet | 13 15 @ 4 70 | |
| Cows | 1 50 @ 3 20 | |
| Stockers | 2 70 @ 3 20 3 20 3 20 65 | |
| Feeders | 3 20 @ 3 65 | |
| Butchers Steers | | |
| Bulls | 2 00 @ 3 50 4 95 @ 5 30 | |
| HOGS | 2 75 (2 5 20 | |
| SHEEP | 11 @ 23 | |
| BUTTER-Creamery | 15 2 21 | |
| Dairy | 1014 2 11 | |
| EGGS-Fresh | 10/10 | |
| BROOM CORN- Western (per ton) | 30 00 @55 00 | |
| Western Dwarf | 50 UO 6270 00 | |
| Illinois Good to Choice | 45 00 @70 00 | |
| POTATOES (per bu.) | 62 @ 75 | |
| PORK-Mess | 12 75 @12 9716 | |
| t ADD_Steam. | 7 50 us 7 55 | |
| ret. OUR_Spring Patents | 3 20 @ 3 60 | |
| Spring Straights | 2 30 @ 2 60 . | |
| Winter Patents | 2 80 @ 3 15 | |
| Winter Straights | 2 60 @ 2 70 | |
| an its Wheat Cash | 58% @ 59% | |
| Com No 2 | 38 @ 38% 31% @ 32 | |
| Oats No. J | 31 % (6) 32 49 (6) 50 % | |
| Dea No 2 | 51 6 58 | |
| Barley, Good to Choice | 0. 0 | |
| LUMBER- | 16 00 @23 50 | |
| Siding | 36 00 @37 00 | |
| Flooring Common Boards | 14 50 @14 60 | |
| Fencing | 13 00 @16 00 | |
| Lath. Dry | 2 40 @ 2 50 | |
| Shingles | | |
| KANSAS CITY | | |
| CATTLE-Shipping Steers | 83 00 (25 4 40 I | |
| Ctockers and Feeders | | |
| TT/100 C | # 00 th 0 00 | |
| CHEEP | 8 50 @ 3 65 | |
| OMAHA. | | |
| CATTLE-Steers | 82 75 @ 4 15 | |
| Floodors | 2 75 6 3 80 | |
| HOGS | 4 00 00 01/4 | |
| SHEEP | 3 50 4 4 75 | |
| | | |
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KNOWLEDGE

LENA-"Fred didn't blow his brains out

because you jilted him the other night; he

came and proposed to me." Maud-"Did

he? Then he must have got rid of them in some other way."—St. Louis Humorist.

JOHNNIE-"Mamma, I heard the preacher

say to-day that matches were made in

Heaven. Is it so?" Mamma—"Of course. Why not?" Johnnie—"Well, I don't see any use for matches. There's no night there."

"What dis country wants," said Uncle

Mose, "is some sort ob patent contraption

where a man can drop a nickel in de slot an'

Boresey-"See old Snobson's wife in box

K putting on airs?" Snoreley-"Pm glad

see that she has put on something!"-

"How Do you like my dress?" "You look

YOUR GAS BILL-"Charge of the Light

PREJUDICE si blind from birth.-Ram's

positively handsome in it. Without doubt, tailoring is a great art."—N. Y. Press.

git religion."—Indianapolis Journal.

Brigade."-Brooklyn Life.

Hallo.

Brings comfort and improvement and

tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect lax-ative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

MAKES A T_JACOBS OIL Perfect Cure of BURNS, BRUISES, SCALDS, CUTS AND WOUNDS.

THE POT INSULTED THE KETTLE BECAUSE THE COOK HAD NOT USED

GOOD COOKING DEMANDS CLEANLINESS. SAPOLIO SHOULD BE USED IN EVERY KITCHEN.

the Dutch Process No Alkalies Other Chemicals BAKER & CO.'S It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more exponential, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILE Sold by Grocers everywhere. . BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

> From Factory To Farm. ANTI-TRUST Binder Twine

No Jobbers, Retailers or Middlemen. Quality Quaranteed in every respect.

Lowest Prices Ever Made. Write for Quotation.

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Our 1894 Perkins' Steel ALVANIZED POWER AND With GRAPHITE BOXES and STEEL TOWER. Prices satisfactory, Warrants covers all points. Investigate before buying. Catalogue free.

5 Bridge St., Mishawaka, Ind. W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE BEST \$3-SHOE quals custom work, costing from 14 to \$5, best value for the money WELT, stamped on the bottom. Every pair warranted. Take no substitute. See local papers for full description of our complete lines for ladier and gentlemen or send for Relational lines and catalogue. lustrated Catalogue

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der by mail. Postage free. You can get the best bargains of dealers who push our shoes.

RUBBER CO.'S •

000,000 ACRES OF LAND for sale by the SAINT PAUL COMPANY in Minnesota. Send for Maps and Circulars. They will be sent to you

FREE. Address HOPEWELL CLARKE, Land Commissioner, St Paul, Minn.

clincher pneumatic tire. Warranted equal to any bicycle built, regardless of price. Cata. free. Agents wanted in every town. Indiana Bicycle Co., No. 10 Z St., Indianapolis, Ind.

RUMELY TO TRACTION AND PORTABLE M. RUMELY CO., LAPORTE, IND.

THOUSANDS HAVE SAVED DEALRES' BIG PROFITS BY BUYING DIRECT PROFITS FROM US at F gotory Prices. BICYCLES all styles; new and finest makes. Write for elegant new and finest makes. Write for elegant new and delighted customers. Address. SIEG & WALPOLK MFG. CO., 285 K. Wabash Avenue, Chicago.

FOR SALE ACRES OF THE FINEST Along the lines of the Great Northern Railway in Minnesota; Low Price and Easy Terms of Payment. For full particulars and maps address LAND COM-MISSIONER. Great Northern Railway, ST. PAUL, HINK. ST-NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

Thousands cured. Send to in atamps.

O. W. F. SNYDER, M. D., Mail Dept. 21,

McVicker's Theater, Chicago, III.

WANTED Men or Ladies to sell SASH LOCKS and establish agencies. Big MONEY for hustlers. Samples free; by mail 10c for postage. Columbian Sash Lock Co., Memphis, Tenn. NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

F CHRIST Came to CHICAGO.

By Ww. T. STRAD, the most sensational work of the 19th century. 5,000 AGENTS WANTER.

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CANCER permanently cured. No knife.
No poison. No plaster. JOHN
B. HARRIS, Fort Payre, Ala.

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.

Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use
in time. Sold by druggists. ONSUMPTION

1496 A. N. K.-A WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the Advertisement in this

Household Helps.

When milk is used in tumblers wash them first in cold water, afterwards rinse in hot water.

points out that when sugar is partly burned easily take to a form of church as proviin a gas flame it is destructive to mice.

Bread and cake bowls, or any dishes in which flour or eggs have been used, are more easily cleaned if placed in cold water after using.

Many ladies are troubled with dandruff; a simple remedy is a teaspoonful of borax dissolved in a cup of water. Brush the hair thoroughly before applying the solution to the scalp.

For frying, always put a pound or two of fat in the pan. This is no waste, as the same fat can be used over and over by pouring It through a strainer into a crock kept for the purpose.

Malachite, agate and azurine, when broken, may be cemented with sulphur, melted at low heat, so as not to change its color, in which different pigments are stirred to give it proper tints like the

To shrink baby flannels, or white flannels of any sort, indeed, they should be put into an earthen basis and have boiling water poured over them; let them lie until the water is quite cold; in drying them, don't wring, but shake, stretch, and fold smoothly to keep the fabric even and then hang out. Bring them in while still damp roll smoothly, and in about half an hour iron with nearly a cold iron.

Keen Plant Leaves Cles

One of the difficulties in the cultivation Mich., May 3-4, 1894. of plants in a sitting room is that the dry air and dust tend to clog the pores of the Detroit Mich., June 20-22, 1894. leaves. Deprived of the rain which would naturally cleanse them and not often watered with a rosepot or syringe, the plants kept in a room are apt gradually to lose their health and look miserable, if they do not altogether die. The best remedy for this is the regular use of a small piece of soft old sponge with slightly warm and berths. Avoid the heat and dust by the better. Especially is this necessary in The attractions of a trip to the Mackinac the winter when dust is rife, and as thorough cleansing during the cold months invigorating. Two new steel passenger will result in freedom from it during the steamers have just been built for the upper summer. Practice and delicate handling lake route, costing \$300,000 each. They are needed for success. Some plants are are equipped with every modern convenmuch easier to sponge than others. Among lence, annunciators, bath-rooms, etc., both of which need frequent washings and safest steamers on fresh water. These when grown in a room. Orange trees and steamers favorably compare with the great essential oil, which catches the dust. They therefore require special attention. Asdidistras and many other plants need sponging Petoskey. Chicago, "Soo," Marquette and often to keep them in health-in fact, all Duluth. Daily between Cleveland and plants with overgreen foliage and others which will bear it are strengthened and Put in-Bay. The cabins, parlors and stateimproved by the free use of the sponge.

What Farmers Owe to Indians.

or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Glazier & Co.

Odds and Ends.

Chelsea girls of a marriageable age or Jackson, and Miss Wilhelmina Heying, of older, especially the latter, in common Grass Lake, was sciemnized in St. Mary's with young women everywhere, do not church, Cheisea, Wednesday April 18, care to tell how old they really are, but 1894, at 8 a ,m., Rev. W. P. Considine you can find out if you will follow the rector of the courch, performed the ceresubjoined rules, allowing the young lady mony. The attendants were Mr. Charles to do the figuring to suit herself: First, tell Ambs, of Jackshi, and Miss Mary Heying, her to put down the number of the month in which she was born, then to multiply repaired to the residence of the bride's it by 2, then add 5, multiply by 50, then to add her age, then to substract 862. Next have her add 115 and then tell the total amount left. In this grand total the two figures to the right will tell you her age and the other the month of her birth. For example, if the amount is 822 she is 22 years old and was born in August-the eighth month.

Chicago is to establish a church without a creed. It ought to flourish there. Such a matter as a creed does not disturb the A correspondent of the London Lancet mind of the average Chicagoese and he can dent of the peaceful notion of things as to steer clear of creed, dogma, or set doctrine What that sort of creedless church proposes to set up as a given standard is quite immaterial also, but it would be interesting to know the mystery and what the admission card has by way of terms. A church without a creed is the jolliest sort of business for the Chicago fellow whose search light is out for the truly new. And perhaps it must be let go at that.

La Grippe.

During the prevalence of the Grippe the past seasons it was a noticeable fact that those who depended upon Dr. Kings New Discovery, not only had a speedy recovery but escaped all of the traublesome after effects of the malady. This remedy seems to have a peculiar power in effecting rapid cures not only in cases of La Grippe, but in all Diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs and has cured cases of Asthma and Hay Fever of long standing. Try it and be convinced. It won't disappoint. Free Trial Bottles at Glazier & Co's. Drug Store.

Excursion

Excursion fares have been granted, on the certificate plan, to the following points for occasions mentioned:

Michigan State Medical Society, Lansing

National Association of Master Plumbers

Spend Your Outing On The Great

Visit picturesque Mackinac Island. It will only cost you about \$1250 from Detroit; \$15 from Toledo; \$18 from Cleveland, for the round trip, inc uding meals water, and if a little soft soap is added all | traveling on the D. & C. floating palaces. region are unsurpassed. The island itself "blight" is then at its weakest point a is a grand romantic spot, its climate most these may be mentioned the india rubber illuminated throughout by electricity, and plant, and also small specimens of palms, are guaranteed to be the grandest, largest many other plants exude a kind of sticky ocean liners in construction and speed. Four trips per week between Toledo, Detroit, Alpena, Mackinac, St. Ignace, Detroit. Daily between Cleveland and rooms of these steamers are designed for lete entertainment of humanity conditions; the palatial equip-

| Chelsea, April, 18, 18 | 94 |
|------------------------|---------|
| Eggs, per dozen | 10 |
| Butter, per pound, | 17 |
| Oa's, per bushel | 80 |
| Corn, per bushel | 25 |
| Wheat, per bushel | 55 |
| Potatoes, per laushel | 45 |
| Apples, per bushel | 1.2 |
| Onions, per bushel | 55 |
| House was beautiful | 0020000 |

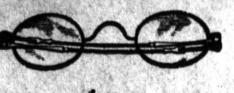
Of anything in the Millinery Line

Mrs. Staffan,

Her Stock is Unusually Large and Complete,

And being the only millinery store in town on the ground floor is the most desirable place to trade.

Largest line of trimmed hats and most complete line of children's goods in town. Inspection solicited.



Your eyes are strained why give up work when you can obtain a FIRST-CLASS pair of glasses at a Special Discount of 50% and over, viz: Steel Spectacle in bronze, blue or nickel for 65c; Gold \$2.75, etc Call and get prices.

DR. SCHMIDT.

Chelsea, Mich.

Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies always on hand. First-class Restaurant in connection

WM. CASPARY.



compt answer and an honest opinion, write to IUNN & CO., who have had nearly fifty years' specience in the patent business. Communications strictly confidential. A Handbook of Instruction concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Also a catalogue of mechanial and scientific books, sent free.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive occasi notice in the Scientific American, and use are brought widely before the public withing cost to the inventor. This spiendid paper, sued weekly, elegantly illustrated, has by far the argest circulation of any scientific work in the orid. \$3 a year. Specimen copies sent free. Building Edition, monthly, \$2.50 a year. Single opies, \$25 cents. Every number contains beauful plates, in colors, and photographs of new ouses, with plans, enabling builders to show the test designs and secure contracts. Address

ECONOMY REPAIRING OUTFIT.

MUNN & CO., NEW YORE, 361 BROADWAY



year. Complete shoe repair outfit, including iron lasts and standard, and everything necessary for complete work. 25 articles only \$2.00. See cut. Extra tools, etc., for harmess work—33 articles, \$3.00. Either outfit by express or freight, neatly boxed, on receipt of price. The one ordering the first set in a place secures the agency and makes large profits. He goods until paid for. Address, Bo goods until paid for. Address, BOOMOMY SUPPLY HOUSE, Hiram, Chic.

Mortgage Sale....

The American farmers who first settled this country learned much from Indian cultivators of the soil. There was no corn grown in Europe until it had been introduced from America. The Indians land several varieties, including pop corn and several varieties, including pop corn and several varieties were improvements on the stock which the Indians supplied. They had also some excellent peas and beans, and our best modern varieties were improvements on the stock which the Indians supplied. They had also some view in the stock which the Indians supplied. They had also some view in the stock which the Indians supplied. They had also pumpkins, squashes and melons. Pish as a fertilizer was an Indian discoverry. The fish too fat and oily for food were used as a manure, dropping a fish in a tole dug in the ground, covering it with a little dug in the ground, covering it with a little was better fish fertilizer now than this getting rid of the oil, which has little manurial value, but the ides of using fish as a manure had never occurred to European farmers until they found it practiced here.

Buckien's Arnica Salve

Chelsea April, 18, 1894

Chelsea April, 18,

of land, be the same more or less.

Dated Chelsea, Mich., January 25, 1894,

ANNA K. CALKIN. Assignee.

G. W. TURNBULL, Attorney for assignee.

sh early indiscretion and later excesses. Self abuse and Constitutional Blood uses have ruined and wrecked the life of many a promising young man. Have you f the following Symptoms: Nervous and Despondent; Tir. d in Morning; No Ambi-Memory Poor; Easily Fatigue 7: Excitable and Irritable; Eyes Blur: Pimples on not; Dreams and Drains at Night; Bestless; Haggari Looking; Blotches; Sers & Hair Loose; Pains in Body; Sunken Eyes; Lifetess; Distrust I and Lack of y and Strength. Our New Method Treatment will build you up mentality, physicalls appeals.

Chas. Patterson. "At 14 years of age I learned a bad habit which almost ruined

me. I became nervous and weak. My back troubled me. I could stand no exertion. Head and eyes became duli, Dreams and drains at night weakened me. I tried seven Medical Firms, Elec. tric Belts, Patent Medicines and Family Doctors. They gave me no help. A friend advised me to try Drs. Kennedy & Kenna. They sent me one month's treatment and it cured me. I could fe myself gaining every day. Their New Method Treatment cures with all else fails." They have cured many of my friends."

VOL

"Some 8 years ago I contracted a serious constitutional blood I went to Hot Springs to treat for syphilis. Mercury almost After a while the symptoms again appeared. Throat sore, pains in limbs, pimples on face, blotches, eyes red loss of hair, glands enlarged, etc. A medical friend advised Drs. Kennedy & Kergan's New Method Treatment. It cured me, and I have had no symptoms for five years. I am married and happy. As a doctor, I heartily recomend it to all who have this terrible disease-syphists." It will eradicate the poison from the blood."

15 YEARS IN DETROIT. 150,000 CURED

"I am 33 years of age, and murried. When young I led a gay life. Early indiscretions and later excesses made trouble for me. I became weak and nervous. My kidneys became affected and I feared Bright's disease. Married lift was unsatisfactory and my home unhappy. I tried everything—all failed till I took treatment from Drs. Kennedy and Kergan. Their N. w Method built me up mentally, physically and sexually. I feel and act like a man in every respect. Try them."

No Names Used Without Written Consent of Patient.

Our New Method Treatment never fails in caring Diseases of men.
drains and losses, purifies the blood, clears the brain, builds up the nervous and sexual
systems and rectores lost vitality to the body.

We Guarantee to Cure Nervous Debility. Failing Wanhood, Syphilis, Varicocele, 4tricture, Gloet, Unnatural Discharges, Weak Parts and All Kidney and Bladder Biseascs.

REMEMBER Drs. Kennedy & Kergan are the leading specialists of America. They guarantee to cure or no pay. Their reputation and fifteen years of business are at stake. You run no risk. Write them for an honest opinion, no matter who treated you. It may save you years of regret and suffering. Charges reasonable. Write for a Question List and Book Free. Consultation Free.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washienaw DEFAULT having been made for more than county of Washienaw, holden at the Probate of interest due on a mortgage executed by Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Wednesday, the 11th day of April in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four. Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate In the matter of the estate of Lewis S. Hadley

deceased.
On, reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Adelia C. Hadley praying that the administration of said estate may be granted to herself or some other suitable person.
Thereupon it is ordered that Monday, the 14th day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City, of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in the Chelsea Herald a newspap-r printed and circulated in said county three successive weeks previous to said

day of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBITT.

Indee of Judge of Probate. [A true copy.] WM. G. DOTY, Probate Register.

Probate Order.

CTATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Tuesday, the 17th day of April in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four.

Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate In the matter of the estate of Freddie Schweickerath deceased.

On reading and filling the petition, duly verified, of Hubert Schweickerath praying that administration of said estate may be granted to himself or some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 14th day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause If any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the person interested in said estate of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in the Chelsea Heraid, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hear ng.

J. WILLARD BABBITT,

J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate, A true copy. WM. G. DOTY, Probate Register.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route." Time table taking effect April 15th 1894.

90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passengers Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Sattion as

WM. MARTIN, Agent, Chelsea.

O. W. Ruggles, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

Mortgage Sale.

Charles W. Glover and Oriska M. Glover to Mary A. Starkweather, dated January 7th, 1883, recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Washtenaw County, State of Michigan January 10th, 1893 in Liber 79 of Mortgages on page 350, for which default the Mortgage has elected to consider and treat the whole amount of said Mortgages as now due and page has as of said Mortgage as now due and parable as provided for in said Mortgage, upon which Mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice for principal, interest and Attorney's fee, as provided for in said Mortgage, the sum of Sixty-four Hundred and Forty Dollars Notice is hereby given that said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the Mortgaged Premises, [subject to a Mortgage of \$5,000 and interest given to the Ypsilanti Savings Bank], at Public Vendue to the highest Savings Bank], at Public Vendue to the highest bidder on the 4th day of May next at 10 o'ciock in the forencon at the Southerly front door of the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor in said County, to satisfy the amount claimed to be due on said Mortgage and all legal costs to-wit: Lots Fifth-seven and Fifty-eight. original plot of the Village [now City] of Y psilanti, Washtenaw County, Michigan. Duted, Feb. 8th, 1894.

MARY A. STARKWEATHER, Mortgagee. D. C. GRIFFIN, Attorney for Mortgagee,

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Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw

88. At a session of the Probate Court for the
County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate
Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Saturday,
the 81st day of March in the year one
thousand eight hundred and ninety-four.
Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate
In the matter of the estate of Thomas Taylor
deceased.

deceased.

Helen Young, executrix or the last will and testement of said deceased, comes into court and represents that she is now prepared to render her final account as such executr x.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Tuesday, the latter of May next at ten o'clock, in the terenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the devisees, legates and heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate office, in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed: And it is further ordered, that said executrix give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by counting a server of the federate by a published interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in the Chelsea Heraid, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBITT.

Judge of Probate.

[A true copy.] WM. G. DOTY, Probate Register.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw 88. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Pro-bate Office in the City of Aun Arbor, on Mon-day, the 26 day of March in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four. Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Pro-bate.

In the matter of the Estate of Peter Young deceased, George J. Crowell, the executor of the last will and testament of said deceased, comes into court and represents that he is now prepared to render his final account as such

Thereupon it is Ordered that Tuesday, the 24th ave weeks previous to said

J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate.

IA true copy.] WM. G. DOTY, Probate Register.